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THE OBSERVER

THURSDAY.....MARCH 16, 1893.

NEWS AND COMMENTS.

The present roll call of the Senate shows 44 Democrats, 38 Republicans, 1 Populist, 1 Independent, 1 Farmers' Alliance 3 vacancies.

The New York *Tribune* says that Rev. Dr. Deems' condition has not improved. He has lost the use of his right side and his articulation is very imperfect.

Fitzsimmons knocked the other bruiser, Hall, out in the fourth round, in New Orleans, and got the prize of $37,500 and the light weight championship. Hall is heavier and Fitz is uglier.

Paris has a penny-in-the-slot hot-water distributing system. The company owning it has erected small structures similar to newspaper kiosks on the street corners. These hold automatic machines which deliver from eight to ten quarts of water at a temperature of 100 degrees when a coin is dropped in the slot and a button pushed.

England will send over a large number of detectives to watch the English crooks that may come to the World's Fair, and to protect English visitors and exhibitors. Some other foreign countries will do likewise. Principal cities in different States of this country have been requested by the Fair management to do the same.

The following were appointed trustees of the State University: A. W. Graham, M. H. Holt, R. T. Gray, N. A. Sinclair, N. J. Rouse, J. L. Patterson, C. R. Thomas, P. C. Gold, C. B. Aycock, A. Leazer, S. C. Weill, W. R. Allen, A. B. Andrews, R H. Battle, W. H. Day, J. S. Carr, T. A. McNeill, W. E. Hill, P. B. Means, A. Haywood, R. D. Gilmer, J. P. Caldwell, T. W. Mason, L. S, Overman, Edmond Jones, Jacob Battle, S. M. Finger, T. H. Pritchard, D. G. Worth, Jas. Parker.

Judge William B. Rodman died on Tuesday morning of last week about half past 2 o'clock at his home in Washington, N. C., in the 75th year of his age. Judge Rodman, says the *State Chronicle*, was for many years an Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of North Carolina, and was considered one of the ablest judges in the court. He was a very fine lawyer, and an able practitioner, as well as of most extensive reading and information, and a ripe scholar, having graduated at the University of North Carolina, we believe with the first distinction. He was on the Supreme Court Bench with Chief Justice Pearson, Judges Reade, Boyden, Settle, Dick and Faircloth.

President Cleveland is now supposed to be worth about $250,000. When he first became President, says the Wilmington *Star*, he was worth about $50,000, but he made some investments in Washington real estate on which he realized a profit of about $150,000. His money is so invested as to yield a good return. He has never dabbled in stock speculations, although he has had opportunities of realizing large sums in that way. The investments he has made are of such a character as cannot be affected by Federal legislation, and consequently he could not be suspected of promoting his own interests by official acts or recommendations. Mrs. Cleveland's fortune which consists largely of inherited real estate, is larger than his, but that is altogether under her own control.

The experiment, says the Wilmington *Review*, of the eight hour day, or rather of making forty-eight hours a week's work, is now being tried in one of the largest iron works in England, the Salford Works, at Salford, which is a suburb of Manchester. The working hours at these works have heretofore been fifty-three per week, and the reduction is made on an understanding with the men that the output of the works shall not be diminished by this shortening of the hours. The men are to be punctual and energetic, and to save the owners from loss because of this shortening of hours, by greater industry. There is to be no reduction of wages, and if the end of a year finds the experiment successful the forty-eight hour week will be the permanent arrangement.

Gov. Carr has made the following appointments and they have been duly confirmed by the Senate in Executive Session:

Commissioner of Labor Statistics.—B. R. Lacy, Esq., of Raleigh.

Directors of the Board of Internal Improvement for the term of two years.—E. C. Smith and A. E Norris.

Directors of the N. C. Insane Asylum.—R. H. Speight, Edgecombe; S. D. Biggs, Martin; L. A. Potter, Carteret.

Directors of the Eastern Hospital at Goldsboro.—W. F. Rountree, of Lenoir; M. B. Pitt, of Edgecombe; N. M. Culbreth, of Columbus.

Directors of the State Hospital at Morganton.—G. W. F. Harper, of Caldwell; J. P. Sawyer, of Buncombe; J. G. Hall of Catawba.

Trustees for the Institute fo; the Deaf, Dumb and Blind.—C. D. Heartt, of Raleigh; J. Ruffin Williams, of Raleigh; H. C. Herring, of Cabarrus.

Trustees of the N. C. College of Agriculture and Mechanic Arts.—W. S. Primrose, of Raleigh; S. B. Alexander, of Mecklenburg: H. E. Fries, of Forsyth, Col. R. B. Broughton, of Raleigh.

The one great feature of interest in political circles, says a Washington despatch, is the visit of Senator David B. Hill to his greatest political rival President Cleveland. Senator Hill went to the White House by appointment. That his visit was more than a mere perfunctory call, is attested by the length of the interview. It lasted twenty minutes, and during that time Mr. Cleveland received no cards from the waiting politicians in the cabinet room. Hill came early. He passed rapidly through the hallway in the public part of the mansion into the room of private secretary Thurber, who evidently had been posted, for he ushered him into the adjourning executive office without a moment's delay. When Mr. Hill entered the president's room word was sent to doorkeeper Loeffler that Mr. Cleveland was very busily engaged and could not see any visitors for some. The interview was, of course, of a strictly private character, but from the fact that it had been previously arranged, and from its length, there can be little doubt that it was of more than a mere official or social character.

SINCE OUR LAST ISSUE.

Latest News from all Parts of the World, Prepared Especially for the Readers of "The Observer."

Reports of a tremendous rainfall come from all parts of Southern Texas. At the town of Caldwell a cyclone raged for an hour, destroying much property and injuring several people. Several portions of Indiana were visited by the same kind of storm. ——The Governor of Idaho instructs the District Attorney to prosecute the members of the Legislature for bribery. He says members of all parties in the last Legislature were bribed. ——Secretary Carlisle says he will use all his power and discretion to uphold the credit of the Government and preserve the party of gold and silver. ——Chicago bankers have offered to exchange $500,000 in gold for notes. ——The date of the naval rendezvous in Hampton Roads has been changed to April 17th and the review of New York Harbor to April 27th. ——President Cleveland is still sending nominations to the Senate. He has withdrawn from the Senate the Hawaiian treaty. ——Secretary Carlisle appoints his son chief clerk of the treasury. ——Postmaster General Bissell announces that no local business men need apply for postoffices. The men he appoints will have to devote their entire time to the office. ——It is said that Mr. Cleveland will appoint no man to office who held office under his former administration. ——The credentials of W. L. Mantle, appointed Senator by the Governor of Montana, were laid before the Senate and were laid on the table to be referred to the Committee on Privileges and Elections when appointed. ——There was a rumor in Washington that all patronage would be taken from the elective officers of the Senate and the positions filled by the caucus. ——The free gold in the treasury is increasing in amount. ——It is said Secretary Carlisle will, if it becomes necessary to do either, use some of the gold reserve rather than issue more bonds. ——The bar of the Federal Supreme Court held a meeting in that court room last Thursday to pay tributes of respect to the memory of the late Justice Lamar. ——Five prisoners break out of Pitt county jail. One of them returns the next day and surrenders himself to the sheriff. ——There is quite a rush of applications for the Assistant Postmaster Generalship. ——The Richmond and Danville system will put a line of barges on the Mississippi river. ——Col. Streater, of the Tenth Pennsylvania troops does not think there is any truth in the statement that North Carolina troops offered to help clean out his regiment at Washington. He says one North Carolina captain pledged his company to aid his regiment in case of a fight. ——The grand jury has indicted Julia Force, of Atlanta, for murder. ——Bishop O'Farrell has announced that Rev. P. A. Treacy, of Burlington, and his brother, Rev. William P. Treacy, of Swedesboro, have been excommunicated from the Roman Catholic church owing to their disobedience to the commands of the apostolic delegate, Monsignor Satolli. Bishop O'Farrell will now take steps to install Father Lehy in possession of the church at Swedesboro, to which he was recently appointed, but was denied admission by Father Treacy. ——Oscar Johnson, charged with the murder of Mr. and Mrs. Twitman at Lincolnville, has been identified as the man who committed a murder in Agusta, Ga., in 1891 and who was sent to the State lunatic asylum on the plea of insanity and escaped thence in December last. ——Advices from East Africa state that the German troops have won an important victory over the hostile natives at Uniangevia. The German forces were composed of white soldiers and native levies. The hostile natives made a stubborn resistance, but were defeated after a severe conflict, with heavy loss. The German loss included a German sergeant and ten of the native soldiers killed, and Lieut. Bothmer wounded. The defeat has caused general consternation among the hostile natives and it is believed it will go far towards suppressing resistence to the German authority. ——Sherman Arp convicted of the murder of Wm. Pogue near Cedar Bluff, Cherokee county, was executed at sunrise Friday. On the scaffold he reiterated his confession that Burkhalter and Leath, notorious moonshiners, forced him to kill Pogue because the latter secured indictments against them for illicit sale of whiskey. The murder was one of the most cold blooded ever committed in this State. The early hour of the execution was fixed by presiding Judge Folley to prevent trouble. The murderer died game. ——A woman in Omaha, Neb., starts her fire with kerosene. She, her husband and three children are badly, perhaps fatally burned. ——Most all the coal mines around Brazil, Ind., have closed down in consequence of the railroad strike. ——The German Reichstag rejects the clause of the Army bill providing for increased strength of the regiments. ——The schooner Kate Aiken has been wrecked off Charleston, S. C., harbor and the schooner Lillie Schmidt near Ocracoke, N. C. The crews were rescued. ——The British bark Alice M. Craig has been wrecked on the South American coast and her captain, his wife and eight of the crew drowned. ——No news has yet been heard from the missing steamer Noronic. ——Secretary Carlisle received an offer from Chicago bankers to exchange $3,000,000 in gold for treasury notes of small denominations. The offer was accepted. There will be a demand for the exchange of $10,000,000 in gold for small notes in the near future. ——Governor Turney of Tennessee is much better. He says that he heard of the report that he was dead and "knew that it was a lie as soon as he heard it." ——A Cotton planters' and merchants' convention was held in Little Rock, Ark., for the purpose of and discussing the question of reduction in cotton acreage. ——The first postmaster appointed under the new administration was N. A. Hamilton, of Elora, Tenn. ——At the Shelby Iron Works, Alabama, a drunken negro killed the foreman for discharging him. The negro was killed in an attempt to arrest him. ——An Indian was executed in Indian Territory yesterday for murder. He was shot by a detachment of deputy marshals. ——The Easter holiday in Liverpool cotton market will begin at 1 o'clock p. m., March 30th, and will continue until April 5th. ——Boston had a $4,500,000 fire. Three dead bodies have been taken from the ruins. Thirty persons were injured. ——Additional offers of gold amounting to over $1,000,000, were made to the Treasury Department yesterday afternoon. Sufficient offers have been received to absorb all the small legal tender notes now on hand in the treasury. ——Ex-President Harrison denies the report that he intends to write a book. He is not in a mood, at present at least, for reminiscences, and it is a little too soon to tell his experience, if truthfully told.

Growth of the South.

The Tradesman, Chattanooga, Tenn., in its review of the industrial situation in the south for the week ending February 27th, reports as organized during the week a cotton mill with $200,000 capital at Florence, Ala., by the Cherry Cotton Mill Co.; an oil mill at Little Rock, Ark., by the Crescent Oil Co.; stove works at Atlanta, Ga., with $50,000 capital, by the Georgia Stove Co.; a coal and coke company at Sewell, W. Va., by the Dun Loup Coal and Coke Co., capital $50,000; a manufacturing company with $50,000 capital at Atlanta, Ga., by T. J. Reynolds and others; a fruit preserving company at Louisville, Ky., by the Kentucky Dessicated Fruit Co., with $50,000 capital; a $50,000 saw and planing mill at Sibley, Ga., by F. Johnson and others, and a bridge company with $25,000 capital at Denton, Texas, by the Lone Star Suspension Bridge Co.

The Tradesman reports 56 new industries established or incorporated during the week, together with 9 enlargements of manufactures, and 31 important new buildings. Among the new industries not already referred to are brick works at Huntsville, Ala., a canning factory at Union City, Tenn., and electrical plant at Columbus, Texas, and flour and grists mills at McKennie, Texas, Gala, Va., and Bluefield, W. Va. An hardware company with $20,000 capital will be established at Brunswick, Ga., by the Douglas Hardware Co., engine works at Knoxville, Tenn., foundries at Jacksonville, Ala., and Elkton, Va., and railroad shops at Fort Smith, Ark.

Iron mines will be opened at Bessemer, Ala., and Craig's Creek, Va., gold mines near Talladega, Ala., and oil and gas wells at Welsburg, W. Va. An oil mill with $35,000 capital is reported at San Marcas, Texas, and one at Tuskegee, Ala., tanneries at Cuthbeth, Ga., and Wills Point, Texas, and cotton mills at Tuskegee, Ala., Athens, Ga., Asheville, N. C., and Elizabethton, Tenn.

Among the woodworking plants established during the week are furniture factories at Fort Smith, Ark., Vicksburg, Miss., and Jackson, Tenn.; lumber mills at Lexington, Tenn., and Charleston, W. Va.; saw and planing mills at Huntsville, Ala., Black Rock and Fordyce; Ark., Howcott, La., and Thomson, Ga., and variety works at Burlington, N. C., and Bluefield, W. Va.

Waterworks are to be built at Barnesville and Milledgeville, Ga., and Winston, N. C. The enlargements for the week include a cotton compress at Vicksburg, Miss., and iron working plant at Culpeper, Va., cotton mills at Irene and Rock Hill, S. C., and Lexington, Va., and lumber mills at New Ibaria, La.

The new buildings of the week include business houses at Griffin, Ga.; Knoxville, Tenn.; Cuero and Houston, Texas.; churches at Greensboro, N. C., Petersburg and Richmond, Va., and Velasco, Tex.; court-houses at Conway, Ark., Fayetteville and Elizabethton, N. C., and Granbury, Tex.; an opera house at Waco, Tex.; and a school building at Louisville, Ky.

No Provision for Hawkes

Dr. Francis L. Hawkes, the eminent North Carolina historian, a quarter of a century ago was pastor of Grace Episcopal church, New York, Short, thick-set, swarthy, black-eyed and black-haired, he was a striking personage. He was not only a great pulpit orator, but was considered the best reader in the New York Episcopacy. His rather luxurious family deterred him from accepting a bishopric, which otherwise would have been tendered.

One day a delegation from a Buffalo church waited upon him, and it vited him to accept a pastorate in that city. "Well, gentlemen, other things being satisfactory, the question of acceptance narrows down to a business matter," said Dr. Hawkes. "What salary do you offer?"

"Dr. Hawks," said the spokesman, "we recognize that you have a high reputation, and are willing to be liberal. Our recent pastor has received twenty-five hundred dollars; but on account of your standing, we have decided to offer you thirty-five hundred dollars."

"My good man," cried the doctor, "do you know what salary I am receiving here?"

"No sir."

"I get fifteen thousand dollars and this parsonage, and, as I have an expensive family, I do not see my way clear to accept your offer."

The spokesman looked rather sheepish, but made another attempt.

"If we had known that fact, sir, we should undoubtedly have looked elsewhere; but you should remember that the work of the Lord must be done; and, as to providing for your family, you know the story of Elijah and the ravens."

"Now, my friend," responded the clergyman, quizzingly. "I have made the Bible my study ever since I was twenty-eight. I have read it through carefully and prayerfully over a hundred times. I remember the raven incident perfectly, but nowhere can I find any reference to the Lord providing for young Hawkes!"

Death Valley.

North Carolina Teacher.]

One of the great wonders of California is Death Valley, a section 8 miles broad and thirty-five miles long. It is the sink of the Amargosa river and is situated in Inyo county.

The valley lies far below the level of the sea; in some places one hundred and sixty feet. No friendly clouds shut off the scorching heat. The thermometre registers one hundred and twenty-five degrees, week after week. No moisture ever falls to cool the burning sand. Bright steel may be left out night after night and never be tarnished. Nothing will decay; a dead animal will simply dry up like parchment and remain so seemingly forever. No sound is ever heard; the silence of eternal desolation reigns supreme. The air is said to be poisoned from gas emited from fissures in the rocks. The rocks, lava, besalt and granite show volcanic formation, which probably will account for the poisonous quality of the air.

"Twice round an elephant's foot is its height." This, on first thoughts, seems almost incredible, but is in reality a fact. The largest elephant in the Zoological Gardens at the present time measures exactly fifty-eight inches round the front foot, and stands 9 feet 8 inches at the shoulder, and to elephants of any size the same rule applies.

What Shall the Harvest Be?

Why! What can it be, but suffering and sorrow, disease and death, if you neglect the symptoms of a disordered liver? Take Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It outsells all other remedies. Sold under condition that it must either benefit or cure the patient, or the money paid for it will be promptly returned. It cures all diseases arising from deranged liver, or from impure blood, as biliousness, "liver complaint," all skin and scalp diseases, salt-rheum, tetter, scrofulous sores and swellings, fever-sores, hip-joint disease and kindred ailments.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

Reported by our Special Correspondent.]

RALEIGH, March 7, 1893.

MR. EDITOR:—Both clocks were turned back several times yesterday, in order that the business of the Assembly might be finished before the hour of 12 M., the time fixed by law for adjournment *sine die*. The usual farewell speeches were made by various members, especially from among the republicans and third partyites, expressing their gratitude for the fair and impartial manner in which the democratic presiding officers, Messrs. Doughton and Overman, had acted toward all. One man whose name we have mentioned before in your columns, won the applause of every democrat in the House by his warm, manly speech expressing his friendly feeling for every man in the House. He alluded to the time when he and the Speaker had been boys together, in the same games, in the same class, when their fathers were the warmest of friends; and the son of his father's friend would always have a sacred place in his heart. It was an impressive speech, the more so, because all knew that he meant every word he said. He is one of those generous hearted men who will die by a friend. He deserves particular notice; for he has supported every measure of a broad minded nature: Appropriations for the World's Fair, for Educational and charitable institutions, for the treasury vault, for the Confederate monument, for the completion, &c., of the executive mansion; and against every bill affecting the rights of women, for instance, a well known provision in the Homestead bill. There is one way to account for it all, and that is, though he is clothed in another name, he is by inheritance a *Democrat*. Resolutions of like import were offered by colored republicans, and third partyites; indeed there never has been, so say the oldest inhabitants of the city, such a harmonious General Assembly since Revolutionary days, when the well of all was one.

On Friday night Mr. Spruill was in the chair of the House when Mr. Watson, of Forsyth, in sensible language, mingled with deep feeling, addressed himself to Mr. Speaker Overman, presenting him, in the name of the House of Representatives, with an elegant silver service. Mr. Overman thanked the House for its remembrance, in a thrilling speech. When some men say, "I thank you from the *bottom of my heart*," we quickly perceive they are only words which some warm heart has felt; but when Mr. Overman used such expressions, his every gesture and manner of speaking told where those words come from; and during his remarks, many bowed heads showed where these words had gone. He was frequently interrupted by applause, and when he closed, it was prolonged amid much hand-shaking and congratulations. Right here we must compliment Mr. Overman's ability as a presiding officer. He is as quick as a flash to catch a point, and to decide parliamentary questions, swift in the discharge of the State's business, firm in the enforcement of order, courteous to every member, and with it all, unostentatious. He is a thrilling orator, one of those men who make you feel better after they have spoken. Honors await him.

Mr. Latham, the Reading Clerk, was presented with a beautiful gold medal, in the name of the House, by Mr. Gilmer, of Haywood, in a very beautiful speech of five minutes. Mr. Latham's remarks thanking the House, were quite appropriate.

On Saturday night the scene was repeated in the Senate, with a rather remarkable addition, however. Mr Atwater, a 3rd partyite, went around among the Senators and took up a subscription for the purpose of buying a cane for President Daughton, and for Chief Clerk Burkhead. At the proper time Mr. Merritt, the 3rd party Senator, rose with the cane and quite surprised all by his very good speech of presentation.

It is said, by the way, that Mr. Merritt will henceforth be a democrat.

Mr. Doughton responded in appropriate remarks, reviewing briefly the work done by the Senate, and showing why he was proud to have presided over such a body. His speech was received with loud applause. Mr. Pou, also in behalf of his brother Senators, in a smooth-cut sensible, humorous speech, presented Mr. Doughton with a neat silver service.

Mr. Posey presented the Chief Clerk, Mr. Burkhead, with a cane, in behalf of the Senate. Mr. Burkhead's speech of thanks was much enjoyed. He was also presented with a five dollar pipe by his assistant clerks.

Next, Mr. Means in a scholarly speech, presented Mr. King, in the name of the Senate, with a cane. Mr. King's timely remarks in accepting the gift, were heartily cheered.

Returning to Monday morning—the resolution for adjournment passed from House to Senate, and as the clock struck 12, at the fall of the gavel, the legislature of 1893 "passed into history.

Several very important bills have been acted on during the past week. Ware house men in numbers have been in Raleigh combatting the Tobacco Ware-house bill; this bill was killed in the Senate Monday morning the 6th—the last day, having previously passed the House by a vote of 56 to 46.

The bill reducing the appropriation for the State's Guard to $8,000 was, after several unsuccessful attempts, repealed.

Col. Faison no longer rules at the Penitentiary, and Mr. Leazar takes his seat.

An amendment to the moumental bill, to strike out the provision that the monument should be built of North Carolina granite, failed in the Senate after passing the House. The objection to this is, that North Carolina granite is colored with iron streaks which by no means will add to its beauty.

The book containing the acts of this Assembly will be quite a volume.

A bill passed, by the way, concerning the manner in which they shall be classified and the number that should be printed which we mentioned in a previous letter. Just think of the number of papers the clerks were compelled to handle —1,325 bills were introduced in the Senate, and 1,625, in the House! A great many of these were bills to repeal laws now in existance.

Cumberland County has reason to be proud of her choice of representatives for the Senate and House. Messrs. Cook and McLauchlin especially have always been zealous workers for the interests of Cumberland County, not forgetting laws of general benefit to the great State.

The members, with the exception of a very few, have returned to their homes. The difference in the crowd on Fayetteville Street is quite noticeable; the halls of the House and Senate are bare: the ring of the thrilling oration on hearts that swelled in unison, then; the echo of some passing footstep now on tenantless desks —the *State*, and the *home* come first in our thoughts—both strong, when united as now.

Now, Mr. Editor, I will offer you my hand. I have endeavored in my letters to give your readers a clear synopsis of the workings of the Assembly; and now, that it is over. I doff my hat to you and them, and bid you a respectful farewell.

S. S. J.

Washington and His Coach.

W. E. Griffis, in Pittsboro Christian Advocate.

Certain states of the original thirteen are peculiarly associated with the life of Washington. In Virginia he spent his earliest, possibly his happiest days. In Massachusetts he made a grand military beginning, and, later in life, a tour in state. In New York he experinced disaster and grief, though these were afterwards eclipsed by the pomp of his inauguration. In New Jersey the darkest shadows and brightest lights in both achievement and character were manifest. In Pennsylvania he first began to be an explorer and a soldier, here first displaying the greatness of his character; here also his greatest work as a statesman was done.

In Philadelphia, in accordance with the spirit of the times, and with what Washington believed to be the proprieties of his station, he lived in stately style. Not the least striking indication of the importance of the President and of the government was the splendid coach in which Washington rode to church, and when traveling, or on outings for health. Made in Europe, and specially imported for the Presidential use, it was of white, decorated with medallions. When traveling, this white coach with four bay horses, two uniformed outriders and the same number of footmen and postilions, with its fierce mustached coachman in white and red livery, with cocked hat and well encased queue, "the President's chariot" was a sight to over-awe the rural spectators. In our day such splendor of official dignity would not be relished. We are more democratic than our fathers.

Of Washington's coming to church, John Herby has often told. Living on Second street, not far from Christ church above High, or Market street, in the days when green fields lay all around, east, north, west, he was often one of the crowd which gathered to behold the Sunday morning sight. As the four shining bays drew up at the gateway, held firmly and promptly stopped by Fritz, the coachman, all eyes turned from the equipage to the lady and gentleman soon to emerge. Fritz had been a Hessian soldier. None sooner or more than Washington saw into the true character of these worthy Germans, victims of the very spirit against which Washington had fought. With Fritz on the box, the coach was safe and the horses sure to be well held in when confronted by danger on the road. Amid profound and even reverent silence the stately form moved across the pavement, up the churchyard, and into the old edifice which has no door at the oriental, but only on the southern side.

Despite his great personal dignity, reserved manners and aristocratic bearing, Washington had a warm heart for the humblest, and especially sympathy with common folks. Besides the many anecdotes in print and well known, the following, we think, illustrates strikingly his trait. It was first told by Alfred Ely, D. D., who was, we believe, an eye and ear witness of the incident. Doctor Ely was afterwards for sixty years pastor of the church in Monson, Massachusetts, and from his daughter I have heard it. We quote from the "written word:"

"In the autum of 1789, during Washington's first Presidential term, he made a journey to Boston, following up the west side of the Connecticut river, and crossing at Springfield, He travelled in an English coach drawn by four horses, with footmen, postilions and outriders.

"As they approached the river in the town of West Springfield, one of the outriders galloped ahead and held a parley with the driver of a hay-wagon, to induce him to turn out and allow Washington's chariot to pass. He refused to yield an inch of the road, and the state chariot patiently followed the wagon for some distance, until, at a safe point, it passed to the bank of the river.

"While waiting for the ferry-boat, Washington stepped out of his coach, when one of the outriders approached, and, sautling him deferentially, said, with an air of injured dignity.

"'Your Excellency, as I was riding along, a little way back, we overtook a man with a loaded cart, which occupied the entire road. I asked him to stop his team, and let us pass; but he refused. I then told him that President Washington was in the coach' He refused again, saying that he had as good a right to the road as President Washington.'

"Washington's laconic reply was: 'And so he had.'

"The out rider, astonished at this reply, retired in silence."

Comment is needless. The essence of the Declaration of Independence and of the constitution of the United States is in that reply.

Carry the news to Mary,
And, pray be not too long,
For she is fast declining,
And, surely, 'twould be wrong—
not to tell her of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. We do want Mary to know, in some way or other, that this world-famed remedy will cure her beyond any doubt! It's just the medicine for young womanhood, and thousands has it bridged over that perilous sea.

From every State, from every city, from nearly every neighborhood in this broad land, comes the grateful acknowledgement of what it has done and is doing for our daughters. The only medicine for the distressing and painful irregularities and weaknesses of woman, sold with a *positive guarantee* to give satisfaction in every case, or money refunded. In other words, sold *on trial!*

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

COMMERCIAL DIRECTORY

—OF THE—

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The well-known Tidal Wave Flour a specialty. Free delivery in the city.

S. A. Phillips,
PERSON STREET.
Dealer in General Merchandise.

MICELLANEOUS.

A. B. Williams,
Commission Merchant, Buyer of Cotton and Naval Stores, and Dealer in Hair, Lime, Plaster and Cement.

American Book & Music House,
Headquarters for School and Office Supplies, Stationery, etc.
Organs and Pianos sold on the Installment Plan.

Fayetteville Printing & Publishing Co.
Letter- and Bill-Heads, Statements, Checks, Drafts, Handbills, Circulars, Invitations, Books, Pamphlets, Newspapers.

B. R. Taylor,
Person Street,
Merchandise Broker and Commission Merchant.

T. S. Lutterloh,
Dealer in
Shoes, Hides, Furs, Wool, etc.

Martin House,
—BY—
Jno. M. Martin, - - - Old Street
Located for commercial travelers and the general traveling public. Table supplied with best the market affords. Rates reasonable.

N. Ingram,
Manufacturer of Sausage,
Butcher and Dealer in Fresh Meats of all kinds, Fish, etc.
My Restaurant at junction of Dick and Person streets will be served at any and all hours during the day, and until 9 o'clock at night.

HARNESS.

C. P. Overby,
Harness, Bridles, Saddles, Whips, etc.

CHAS. GLOVER,
AUCTIONEER
—AND—
REAL ESTATE AGENT.
Will attend to the sale and purchase of Stocks, Bonds and Securities.
Fayetteville, N. C., Feb'y 5, 1891. tf

MANUFACTURING.

Fayetteville Cotton Seed Oil Mill,
Railroad Street,
Manufacturers Cotton-Seed Meal and Crude Oil.
Pays highest market price for cotton-seed.
Dr. J. W. McNeill, Pres. J. T. Denny, Supt.
C. L. Taylor, Sec. & Treas.

Fayetteville Wooden Ware Co.,
Manufacturers of
The "Iron-Bound" Well Bucket, Oak and White Cedar Ware.

Beaver Creek and Bluff Mills,
H. W. Lilly, President,
Manufacturers of "Lake George" AA 4-4 Sheeting, Cotton Yarn and Batting.
J. P. Thomson, Pres. A. A. McKethan, Sec. & Treas.

Fayetteville Cotton Mills,
Manufacturers of Cotton Warp and Soft Spun Skein Yarns.

Fayetteville Cedar Works,
A. A. McKethan, Jr., Prop.,
Manufacturer - of - Cedar - Ware.
We make a specialty of two- and three-hoop Brass Cedar Pails, and Keg-shape Oak Well Buckets.

Fayetteville Ice Co.,
Donalson Street,
Manufacturers of and Dealers in Ice all the year round.

Goodwin & Remsburg,
Fayetteville Granite and Marble Works.
Estimates furnished on application, and correspondence solicited.

Walter Watson,
Dealer in
Hardware, Guns and Pistols. Cart and Buggy Material a Specialty.

McMillan Bros.,
Manufacturers of
The Seamless Turpentine Still, and General Metal Workers.

A. A. McKethan, Jr.
Carriages, Buggies and Harness,
Person Street.

Merchant Mills,
JAS. D. MCNEILL, Proprietor.
Grain, Meal, Flour, Mill-Stuffs and Feed.

Carolina Machine Company,
Engines, Boilers, etc. Repairing a Specialty.

LIVERY STABLES.

J. A. Lambeth,
Rear Hotel LaFayette.
Livery, Feed and Sale Stables.
Stalls for rent at 10c. per night. Special accommodations for drummers. Buggies for sale cheap. Cash system.

Ransom Burns,
Livery, Feed and Exchange Stables,
Gillespie Street.

Geo. A. Burns,
In rear Hotel LaFayette,
Livery, Feed and Sale Stables.
Best and most stylish turnouts, on short notice.

J. M. Martin,
Old Street.
Livery and Feed Stables in Connection with Hotel.
Good serviceable turnouts at livery prices.

J. R. McNeill & Son,
Undertakers and Cabinet Makers, Window Cornices, Picture Frames, Mirror Plates, etc.

WINES, LIQUORS, ETC.

W. J. McDonald,
Wholesale Dealer and Jobber in
Tobacco, - Snuffs - and - Cigars,
Pure Wines and Liquors for medicinal purposes a specialty. N. E. Corner Market Square and 2 and 4 Green Street.

E. L. Clark,
Opp. Short Cut Depot.
Wines, Liquors, Tobacco, Cigars, etc.
Agent for Bay View Beer and Mountain Whiskies.
Orders Promptly Filled.

J. M. Martin,
Person Street.
Wines, Liquors, Brandies and Pure Mountain Corn Whiskey.
All grades of Tobacco, Cigars, etc.

J. A. Burns & Co.,
Gillespie St.
Foreign and Domestic Wines, Liquors, Beer, Cigars, etc.
Pure old North Carolina Corn Whiskey.

DRY GOODS.

F. W. Thornton,
Largest Dry Goods Establishment in the State.
Wholesale Department 2nd and 3rd floors.
Nos. 7 and 9 Hay, 34 Hay and 1 Donaldson Sts.

Williams's Metropolitan Racket Store,
Dry Goods and Notions of every description and quality.
Hats, - Shoes, - Etc.

C. H. Calais & Co.
Clothing, Hats, Caps, Trunks, Valises, Notions,
Hay Street.

Isadore Jackson,
Person Street.
Dry Goods, Clothing, Trunks, Valises, Boots and Shoes.

DRUGS, ETC.

H. R. Horne,
DRUGS, MEDICINES, PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, SEEDS, TOILET ARTICLES, &c.,
23 Hay Street.
Soda Water and Milk Shakes in season.

W. C. McDuffie, Jr.,
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in
Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, Window-Glass, Garden-Seeds, etc.

CLOTHING.

Novitzky & Bro.,
The Fayetteville Clothiers. Gents' Furnishings, Stylish Suits, Hats, Underwear, Collars, Cuffs, etc.

W. A. Crawford,
Merchant Tailor,
WILSON, N. C.

The Racket Clothing Co.,
The Greatest Combine of them All.
They give you Novelty, Neatness, Durability, Style and Cheapness.

CROCKERY, GLASSWARE, ETC.

W. N. Tillinghast,
Hay Street,
Crockery and Glassware, Lamps, Cutlery, etc. Wall-Paper and Window-Shades.

JEWELRY.

Established 58 Years.

Warren Prior & Son,
JEWELERS.
Repairing of Fine Watches a Specialty.

Frank Beasley,
Dealer in
Fine Jewelry, Watches, Clocks and Spectacles.
Repairing done in best manner and warranted, Engraving finely executed.

J. J. Whaley,
Hay Street.
Watchmaker and Jeweler.
Spectacles, Eyeglasses, Jewelry, Watches, Clocks and Silverware, Pocket-knives, Razors, Scissors, etc

FURNITURE.

S. Sheetz & Sons
(Established 1870)
Furniture Dealers and Undertakers.

W. B. LaFar,
Haigh Building, Opp. A. B. Williams, No. 57 Hay St.
Furniture, Matresses, Clocks, Lamps, Shades and Tin Sets.

INSURANCE.

H. I. McDuffie,
Thornton Block.
Fire, Life and Accident Insurance.

Jno. A. Pemberton,
Fire, Life, and Accident Insurance.
Hotel LaFayette Building.

Geo. A. Thomson,
General Insurance Agent—Life, Accident and Fire.

John Underwood,
General - Insurance - Agent,
Gillespie Street.

POE & CO.,
BRICK AND TILE MANUFACTURERS,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C
Feb'y 25, 1892—tf

THE OBSERVER.

Established in 1825 by E. J. Hale, Sr.

E. J. HALE, Editor and Proprietor.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., MARCH 16, 1893.

AN INCOME TAX.

It is now the duty of Democratic statesmen to consider the sources from which the Government must derive sufficient revenue to meet the largely increased expenditures.

It is proposed, says the N. Y. *Herald*, to reduce the tariff to a revenue basis, which will perhaps increase the receipts from certain imports on which this reduction is made by increasing the importations of the articles thus affected. But it is also proposed to place a number of articles on the free list which now pay duty, and the increased revenue which the Treasury will derive from the former source may be more than offset by its failure to derive any revenue whatever from the enlarged free list.

It may be argued that Mr. Cleveland's Administration will cut down expenditures. But it proposes also to cut down taxation and thereby reduce receipts, and the fact that Mr. Harrison's Administration spent a cash balance left by Mr. Cleveland of $187,000,000 in addition to the current revenues shows that a very drastic reduction must be made in order to bring our expenses within our present receipts. It is very well to promise economy and practise it and to rail against extravagance, but it should not be forgotten that this is a costly Government at best, and the cost of maintaining it, even upon the most economical basis, is increasing every year.

In reducing taxes in one direction, therefore, we must increase them in another, or, what is the same thing, impose them on something not hitherto subjected to taxation at all.

This is the problem which the first Congress that assembles under Mr. Cleveland's Administration must solve. There is no way to avoid it, and we should familiarize ourselves with the issue before it is precipitated and finds us unprepared to meet it.

The best solution that we can see is the establishment of a graded income tax. We dare not, should we be so unjust as to desire it, increase the burden already weighing heavily on the agricultural classes. We dare not impose more on labor We must, therefore, place it where it really should properly fall, on the class that can best bear it—on the wealthy.

It is this class that has reaped the greatest gains from the exactions so long and patiently borne by agriculture and by mechanical labor. It has been singularly exempt from anything like oppression, while other interests have groaned under their burdens. It has grown more and more powerful as its accumulations have increased, and the time has certainly come to demand of it a proportionate contribution to support a Government that has protected it and even fostered it as a favorite. There is no valid argument against the proposition; there are many arguments in favor of it.

WILL A COTTON FACTORY PAY.

We had a short but interesting conversation, says the New Berne *Journal*, Saturday morning with Mr. J. H. Harley, manager for the Singer Sewing Machine Company for the Eastern district of North Carolina in reference to manufacturing enterprises and especially cotton factories.

He tells us that in his whole district from Durham and Fayetteville eastward —40 counties—there are only 8 such factories, an average of only one factory to five counties while on the other hand to a central district of 21 counties of the State of which he was formerly manger there are 28, more than average of one to every county.

He mentioned moreover that Charlotte alone has 7 cotton factories in it and that at Mount Holly there are 7 within a radius of 8 miles, lacking only one of equalling the number in this entire present district.

He says moreover, that at Charlotte after the first factories were started there was no trouble to raise more money for additional ones, the demand for stock in one of the later started ones was so great that shares were sought after the stock was all taken and earlier subscribers to it cut down their number of shares as a favor, to admit others desirous of investing in the enterprise.

Mr. Harley says that wherever he goes he finds the factors paying and he finds that every business is quickened by their presence. The operatives have steady work. They constantly have ready money to spend with grocery men, butchers and for farm produce for the table; they furnish their homes better, this makes good times for the furniture dealer, and dry goods stores likewise come in for the full share of the benefits.

The Wilmington *Messenger* in a recent discussion of this subject said, "will it pay to have small cotton factories? Connecticut is a flourishing state and made so by her thousands of small industries. There is no doubt that Wilmington would take on new life, new growth, new prosperity if it had forty or fifty smaller industries. Why not have them? If they pay why not invest? But you may ask do they pay? Well managed they pay every time. If you doubt, take this as an example which we clip from the Chattanooga Tradesman. It says a small cotton mill, cost $38,000, $12,000 working capital, 2,500 spindles, began operations at Columbia, Ala., last July. Out of the earnings in the six months ended January 1, 1893, the managers bought machinery for turning the waste into twine and paid a 5 per cent. dividend. That is surely a good start for one small mill, and all the small mills that are managed with energy, intelligence and economy seem to be doing well indeed."

President Cleveland, says the Richmond *Dispatch*, has withdrawn from the Senate the Hawaiian treaty placed before that body by President Harrison. This indicates that he is not in favor of that treaty, but he may think that he can propose a better one.

CURRENT COMMENT.

Robert T. Gray has been appointed reporter of the Supreme Court.

* * *

The Emperor Francis Joseph, of Austria, it is cabled from Budapesth, is soon to abdicate in favor of his brother, Archduke Charles Louis.

* * *

The President has sent to the Senate the following nominations: Isaac P. Gray, of Indiana, to be Minister to Mexico; Patrick A. Collins, of Boston, to be Consul General to London; Josiah Quincy, of Boston, to be Assistant Secretary of State, and William Maxwell, of New York, to be Fourth Assistant Postmaster General.

* * *

The North Carolina Agricultural Department has just issued a very handsome and valuable hand-book of North Carolina, illustrated, giving within compact space much information in reference to the resources, climate, soil, productions, water-powers, &c., of the State, intended mainly for distribution at the World's Fair. This is the work, says the Wilmington *Star*, upon which Col. John D. Cameron, of Asheville, has been engaged for some time and which he has done remarkably well. It covers the ground about as well as any one publication of ordinary size could cover it.

* * *

Republican editors, says the Wilmington *Star*, and some thoughtless Democratic editors, have been criticising the Fifty-second Congress for what they call its extravagance, and for exceeding, as alleged, the appropriations made by the Fifty-first Congress, which is not true. The second session appropriated more than was appropriated by the second session of the Fifty-first Congress, but taking both sessions together the appropriations by the Fifty-second Congress were $8,862,872 less than those made by the Fifty-first Mr. Holman, Chairman of the House Committee on Appropriations, has published a statement which shows that the appropriations by the Fifty-second Congress aggregate $1,026,822,049, $154,172,- 040 of which was made necessary by the permanent laws passed by the Fifty-first Congress. Had it not been for these the appropriations by the last Congress would have been $160,000,000 less than those by the preceding Congress. And still if it had not been for the Senate, with its Republican majority, the appropriations would have been $24,846,085 less than they are, for the Senate forced up the total by that amount.

For Protection's Sake Only.

Atlanta Journal.

The Philadelphia *Telegrayh*, one of the best and fairest Republican papers of the country, finds fault with President Cleveland's assertion in his inaugural address that "the injustice of maintaining protection for protection's sake was condemned by the American people." It insists that Mr. Cleveland made no such declaration before the late presidential election, and that if he had made it he would have been defeated.

If Mr. Cleveland made no declaration before the election, in this precise language or equivalent terms, it was because no such declaration by him was necessary. His position on the tariff question was well understood by the people. In his messages to congress during his first term, he insisted on the injustice of bestowing government bounties upon "favored industries" by protective duties. He accepted the Democratic nomination last year upon a platform which explicitly condemned "protection for protection's sake." The political contest which resulted in such a signal Democratic triumph was fought squarely upon this issue—the issue of opposition to a tariff scheme whose main object, as its author announced, was protection for the sake of protection.

The Democratic party has ever insisted that there was no warrant in the constitution for duties levied not to yield revenue to the government, but to cut off or diminish it, as was the admitted object of the McKinley act. Such duties give protection for the sake of protection only. They destroy revenue and tax the great body of the people for the benefit of "favored industries."

The Republican senate and President Harrison appear to have at least recognized the truth of President Cleveland's declaration which the *Telegraph* condemns. They co-operated at the last session of congress with the Democratic house in the passage of bills repealing protective duties levied by the McKinley act for the sake of protection only. The McKinley act took tin from the free list and imposed a heavy duty upon it, confessedly with an eye to protection solely, and largely increased the duty on linen with avowedly the same object. Both these duties, which were to have taken effect on the first of July next, were repealed at the late session of congress, Republicans who passed the McKinley act assisting in their repeal because "the injustice of maintaining protection for protection's sake was condemned by the American people" in the late presidential and congressional election.

With a treasury on the verge of depletion, the folly of maintaining for the sake of protection duties which cut off revenue is as manifest as its injustice.

Items From Davidson College.

For the Observer.]

DAVIDSON, N. C., March 10, 1893.

The claims of the Gospel Ministry have recently been presented to the students of Davidson very forcibly by two of our young alumni. On the 23rd of February, the day of prayer for schools and colleges, Rev. Ed. Mack, of the first Presbyterian church of Charlotte, gave us an able sermon on this subject. Mr. J. E. Thacker, who will be graduated from Union Seminary, Hampden Sidney, Va., this spring addressed the student body on the same topic on last Sabbath morning the 5th inst. Mr. Thacker also preached an earnest and impressive sermon in the evening.

At the Junior speaking on the 22d of Feb'y, the following members of the Junior class were elected by the Faculty of the College, to represent the two Literary Societies in the oratorical contest at our next commencement, viz: C. F. Rankin, E. T. Huggins, and C E. Hodgin, from the Philanthropic Society; and J. M. Farr, W. A. Hafuer, and S. C. Sentelle, from the Eumenean Society. The whole class were very successful in their first speeches before the public.

Work was begun on our artificial Lake about ten days ago. Mr. S. H. Wiley, of Salisbury, N. C., has given five hundred dollars to this enterprise. In his honor the lake has been named "Lake Wiley." In addition to this sum the students have subscribed over two hundred dollars. Boats, oars, &c., have alrsady been ordered. Boat and bath houses will be constructed within a few weeks, and by the first of May, the Lake will have been entirely completed. C. E. H.

College Athletics.

To a reporter of the Raleigh *News and Observer* President Winston of the State University expressed his views in regard to College Athletics, and especially intercollegiate match games.

Athletic training, he said, is a recognized element in education. Some Universities have a quarter of a million dollars invested in appliances for athletic culture. At the United States Naval Academy, where I was a cadet in 1870, we were required not only to perform military and naval drills, but also to swim, to box, to fence with the foil and broadsword, to dance, and to practice gymnastics one hour a day in the gymnasium. This training produces men. The same system prevails at West Point. At Harvard the physical director examines every student and prescribes such physical culture as will strengthen his weak or undeveloped organs,

The Greeks placed physical culture by the side of intellectual. As a boy Euripides won foot races and singing prizes on the Olympic courses, where afterwards he received the poetic crown. "The first requisite of a gentleman," says Emerson, "is that he be a good animal." The great men of all ages and countries have been fine specimens of physical manhood,—Washington, Webster, Gladstone, Shakespeare, Goethe, Humboldt, Joshua, Cæsar, Napoleon, Moses, St. Paul and Martin Luther were men of great physical power and endurance. The sound mind and the sound spirit are strongest, happiest and most useful when they dwell in the sound body. The Roman satirist-philosopher had not studied life in vain when he said, "Nobis orandum est ut sit mens sana in corpore sano."

It is a common belief that educated men are not usually successful in life. This is an error, as statistics show, but there are enough failures to make a plausible basis for the belief. Most of these failures are due to lack of proper physical culture at the critical period in life. Many young men develop their minds at the expense of their bodies; and, when they go out into life, they lack the physical power necessary to sustain them. The result is genteel idleness, disappointed ambition, or even vice.

Athletic culture at the University consists in systematic gymnastic training under skilled instructors in the gymnasium, running, leaping, boxing, fencing, football, baseball, and tennis playing. From 4:30 o'clock in the afternoon until 6 o'clock, nearly all the students are engaged in some of these kinds of physical culture; about seventy-five are in the gymnasium, between thirty and forty play tennis, as many more play football or baseball. Some walk in the woods, others read in the library or gymnasium, while others lie on the ground too lazy to do more than watch their comrades who are engaged in physical development. There is no college work at this hour. The lessons and lectures are ended for the day. The time given to athletics is consigned to the period between 4:30 o'clock p. m. and supper.

Those who object to football and baseball do not understand the games. The four best scholars in our Senior class were members of the football team last fall. The Captain of the team last fall was a slender, delicate boy, when he entered the University. The present Captain was the smallest man in his class when he entered the University. He is now strong, robust and well developed.

Members of the football and baseball teams voluntarily undergo a restraint as to food and personal habits which is conducive to good health and good character. They pledge themselves to observe proper diet, not to use liquor nor tobacco and not to keep late hours. The moral effect of this self-imposed discipline is worthy of the greatest praise and admiration. In its tour to Atlanta last fall not a member of the University team made a bet, took a drink of liquor, or conducted himself otherwise than as a high-toned gentleman. Only three days were lost during the whole session by the football team.

A young man came to the University in bad health, with weak lungs, much damaged by smoking cigarettes. He had contracted the habit elsewhere, and he was unable to give it up. I tried every argument with him; begged him, ridiculed him, threatened him. He said his parents were willing, his physician was willing, he was going to smoke. "The power of the judiciary was exhausted." I gave him up. Soon he became a candidate for the ball team, "went into training," took the pledge, and quit smoking. Let those whose guns are loaded so heavily against ball playing, turn their battery against cigarette smoking, which does much harm morally, physically and intellectually, while athletic culture does only good.

To sum up the whole matter: College athletics, including football and baseball, are indispensable to proper physical education. They consume no time that is requisite for mental work. Indeed it would be better if more time were given to athletics, precisely as it would be better if lawyers, preachers and other brain-workers took more physical exercise. The self-restraint of the football and baseball teams is a source of great moral power. The manly self-reliance and the fine physical development, secured at the same time as mental culture, are a wonderfully fine equipment for the battle of life. The physical exercise and the self-culture tend to repress vice as well as rowdyism.

There can be no vigorous athletics without match games. Without the Olympic contests there would have been no Grecian gymnasia.

I sincerely hope that every college and every school in North Carolina will maintain a football team and a baseball team. Those colleges that forbid these games, or forbid match-games, will soon realize their mistake. The proper course is to control, regulate and perfect athletics. You cannot repress the buoyancy and enthusiasm and animal spirits of young men. They will seek an outlet in vice, immorality, rowdyism, or some other unhealthy form, if you prevent their enjoyment in vigorous, healthy games. Old people should not forget that they were once young. The true teacher will guide and inspire all power, and young men will respect and follow authority which respects and sympathizes with their natural instincts.

Victory for the Letter Carriers.

The decision rendered by the United States Supreme Court last week is a substantial victory for the letter carriers.

The Supreme Court holds that a carrier who is required to work more than eight hours any day is entitled to extra pay for the overtime. This interpretation of the law will not only operate to the benefit of the carriers in the future, but it substantiates the claims of many to back pay for extra time.

The roof of "The MacKaye Spectatorium;" of Chicago, is an immense affair of steel which weighs 2,200,000 pounds. To place this roof in position required a derrick, of the traveling variety, and of more strength than any previously used for such a purpose. This is an immense affair in itself. From the base to the top pulley its altitude is 180 feet, and its weight, including the guy-ropes and cables, is 70 tons. The raising of this derrick attracted considerable attention among the mechanical engineers, and four times was an attempt made and failing in the result. The fifth time was successful, however, and the derrick is now in position.

Senate Committees.

The official list as given out by Senator Gorman is as follows:

Committee on Agriculture—Senator George, chairman, and Senators Ball, Ransom, Peffer, Rouch; Republicans, 3.

Appropriations—Senator Cockrell, chairman, and Senators Call, Gorman, Blackburn, Brice; Republicans, 4.

Contingent Expenses—Senator White of Louisiana, chairman, and Senator Camden; Republicans, 1.

Census—Senator Tupie, chairman, and Senators Berry, White of California, Murphy, Peffer; Republicans, 4.

Civil Service—Senator Call, chairman, and Senators Walthall, Gordon, Irby; Republicans, 4.

Claims—Senator Pasco, chairman, and Senators Daniel, Berry, Caffery, Allen of Nebraska; Republicans, 4.

Coast Defence—Senator Gordon, chairman, and Senators Irby, Mills, White of California, Smith; Republicans, 4.

Commerce—Senator Ransom, chairman, and Senators Coke, Vest, Gorman, White of Louisiana, White of California, Murphy; Republicans 6.

District of Columbia—Senator Harris, chairman, and Senators Faulkner, Gibson, Hunton, Smith, Martin; Republicans 5.

Education and Labor—Senator Kyle, chairman, and Senators George, Hunton, Caffery, Murphy; Republicans, 4.

Engrossed Bills—Senators Cockrell, Martin; Republicans, 1, the chairman included.

Enrolled Bills—Senator Caffery, chairman, and Senators Mitchell of Wisconsin; Republicans, 1.

Epidemic Diseases—Senators Harris, Irby, White of Louisiana; Republicans, 4, including the chairman.

To Examine the Several Branches of the Civil Service—Senator Peffer, chairman, and Senators Gray, Vilas; Republicans, 2.

Finance—Senator Voorhees, chairman, and Senators McPherson, Harris, Vance, Vest, Jones of Arkansas; Republicans, 6.

Fisheries—Senator Coke, chairman, and Senators Call, Gibson, Hill, Mitchell of Wisconsin; Republicans, 4.

Foreign Relations—Senator Morgan, chairman, and Senators Butler, Gray, Turpie, Daniel; Republicans, 4.

Immigration—Senator Hill, chairman, and Senators Voorhees, McPherson, Faulkner, Peffer; Republicans, 4.

Improvement of Mississippi River—Senator Bate, chairman, and Senators Walthall, Palmer, Peffer; Republicans, 3.

Indian Affairs—Senator Jones of Arkansas, chairman, and Senators Morgan, Smith, Roach, Allen of Nebraska; Republicans, 4.

Interstate Commerce—Senator Butler, chairman, and Senators Gorman, Brice, White of Louisiana; Camden, Lindsay; Republicans, 5.

Irrigation of Acid Lands—Senator White, of California chairman, and Senators Jones of Arkansas, Kyle, Roach; Republicans, 4.

Judiciary—Senator Pugh, chairman, and Senators Coke, George, Vilas, Hill, Lindsay; Republicans, 5.

Library—Senator Mills, chairman and Senator Vorhees; Republicans, 1.

Manufactures—Senator Gibson, chairman, and Senators Smith, Caffrey, Republicans; 2.

Military Affairs—Senator Walthall, chairman, and Senators Cockrell, Bate, Palmer, Mitchell of Wisconsin; Republicans, 4.

Mines—Senator Stewart, chairman, and Senators Bate, Call, Irby Mills; Republicans, 4.

Naval Affairs—Senator McPherson, chairman, and Senators Butler, Blackburn, Gibson, Camden. Republicans, 4

Expenditures of Executive Departments —Senator Smith, chairman, and Senators Cockrell, Hill, Walthall, Caffrey; Republicans, 4.

Patents Senator Gray, chairman, and Senators Kyle, Mills, Berry; Republicans, 4.

Pensions—Senator Palmer, chairman, and Senators Brice, Vilas, Camden, Caffery, Republicans, 4.

Postoffices and Postroads—Senator Colquitt, chairman, and Senators Vilas, Irby, Mills, Hunton, Hill; Republicans, 5.

Printing—Senator Gorman, chairman, and Senator Ransom; Republicans, 1.

Private Land Claims—Senators Ransom, Colquitt, Pasco, Berry; Republicans, 3, the chairman included.

Privileges and Elections—Senator Vance, chairman, and Senator Gray, Pugh, Turpie, Palmer; Republicans, 4.

Public Buildings and Grounds—Senator Vest, chairman, and Senators Daniel, Pasco, Brice, Gordon; Republicans, 4.

Public Lands—Senator Berry, chairman, and Senators Walthall, Pasco, Vilas, Martin, Allen of Nebaska; Republicans, 5.

Railroads—Senator Camden, chairman, and Senators Berry, Gordon, Palmer, Martin; Republicans, 5.

Relations with Canada—Senator Murphy, chairman, and Senators Pugh, Colquitt, Hunton, Mitchell of Wisconsin; Republicans, 4.

Revision of the Laws—Senator Daniel, chairman, and Senators Call, Linsay; Republicans, 2.

Revolutionary Claims—Senators Coke, Pugh; Republicans, 3, the chairman included.

Rules—Senator Blackburn, chairman, and Senators Harris, Gorman; Republicans, 2.

Territories—Senator Faulkner, chairman, and Senators Hill, Blackburn, Bate, Call, White of California; Republicans, 5.

Transportation Routes to the Seaboard —Senator Irby, chairman, and Senators George, Turpie, Gordon; Republicans, 4.

Pacific Railroads—Senator Brice, chairman, and Senators Morgan, Faulkner, White of Louisiana, Murphy; Republicans, 4.

Indian Depredations—Senator Lindsay, chairman, and Senators Faulkner, Kyle, White, of Louisiana, Cockrell; Republicans, 4.

The following compose the select committees—To investigate the Potomac River Front—Senators McPherson, Ransom, Hunton; Republicans, 3; the chairman included.

To Inquire into the Claims against Nicaragua—Senators Morgan, Palmer; Republicans, 2, the chairman included.

Woman Suffrage—Senators Vance, George, Blackburn, McPherson; Republicans, 2, the chairman included.

Additional Accommodations for the Library of Congress—Senators Voorhees, Butler, Pugh; Republicans, 2, the chairman included.

The Five Civilized Tribes of Indians—Senators Butler, Pasco, Roach; Republicans, 2, the chairman included.

Transportation and Sale of Meat Products—Senators Vest, Coke, Allen, of Nebraska, Republicans, 5, the chairman included.

To Establish a University of the United States—Senator Hunton, chairman, and Senators Kyle, Vance, Jones of Arkansas, Turpie; Republicans, 4.

Quadro Centennial—Senator Vilas, chairman, and Senators Colquitt, Vest, Gray, Daniel, Gibson, Voorhees, Lindsay; Republicans, 6.

To Investigate the Geological Survey - Senator Martin, chairman, and Senator Jones of Arkansas; Republicans, 2.

On National Banks—Senator Mitchell of Wisconsin, chairman, and Senators Vance, Colquitt; Republicans, 1.

On Forest Reservations—Senator Allen of Nebraska, chairman, and Senators Kyle, Morgan; Republicans, 1.

On Corporations in the Districts of Columbia—Senators Gorman, Brice, Harris; Republicans, 2, the chairman included.

To Investigate the Trespassers upon Indian Lands—Senator Roach, chairman, and Senator Butler, Republicans, 1.

The Republicans have not finished selecting their committeemen.

Washington Letter.

From Our Correspondent.

WASHINGTON, March 13, 1893.

President Cleveland has not committed himself on the Hawaiian question. This statement is made upon high and unquestionable authority. The Harrison annexation treaty was withdrawn from the Senate because it was objectionable for several reasons. It was carelessly drawn, and some of its most important features were entirely too indefinite to be satisfactory, even if Mr. Cleveland had fully made up his mind, which he hasn't, in favor of annexation. What Mr. Cleveland desires is information, and that he is now diligently seeking, through Secretary Gresham, and General Schofield and Admiral Brown, both of whom are familiar from personal observation with Hawaii and its population. It is probable that a Presidential message on this subject will be sent to the Senate before that body adjourns, and it is also probable that it will be accompanied by a new treaty, may be of annexation and may be for the establishment of a protectorate. But whatever is done the sugar planters of Hawaii will not be allowed to cash in their expectations.

While the determination of President Cleveland not to re-appoint those who held office under his first administration has been disappointing to individuals, some of whom had by hard work in the campaign earned the right to expect office, there is no doubt the popularity of the move with the rank and file of the party, the men who have campaign after campaign fought for a losing cause, many of whom are now for the first time applicants for office. They feel that it gives them a better chance at the loaves and fishes, and that it is but carrying out the old, old democratic idea of opposition to the establishment of a permanent office holding class. It shows too, that the lesson of the decay of the once powerful republican party has not been lost upon Mr. Cleveland.

Secretary Carlisle finds the financial outlook much more cheerful and encouraging, although not yet satisfactory, than when he first took charge of the National finances. There has been a let up in the demand for gold, and he hopes to escape having to choose between using a part of the $100,000,000, gold reserve fund or an issue of bonds. At present the free gold is accumulating quite rapidly in the Treasury.

Representative Richardson, of Tennessee, enjoys the distinction of having secured the appointment of the first postmaster under this administration, a distinction which he also captured under President Cleveland's first administration. Mr. Richardson also has the honor of being one of the few Congressmen who has been sent for by the President to consult with him about the appointment of a new government printer, one of the most important positions, from a political point of view, under the administration. Mr. Richardson has been a member of, and chairman, of the House committee on Printing for a number of years; hence the value of his advice in selecting a man to boss the government printing.

The caucus committee charged with the duty of reporting to the democratic caucus the membership of the re-organized Senate committees has about concluded its work although its report will not be made for a day or two, and it is thought that the following list of chairmen of the most important committee is correct: Appropriations—Cockrell; Commerce—Ransom; Finance—Vorhees; Foreign Relations—Morgan; Inter-state Commerce—Butler; Judiciary—Pugh; Library—Mills; Military Affairs—Walthall; Naval Affairs —McPherson; Patents—Gray; Pensions— Palmer; Post Office and Post-Roads—Colquitt; Printing—Gorman; Privileges and Elections—Vance; Public Buildings and Grounds—West; Rules—Blackburn; Territories—Faulkner, and Indian Depredations—Vilas. It is expected that the reorganization will be perfected this week.

Secretary Smith has already earned the reputation of being one of the hardest workers who ever presided over the Interior Department, and he is at all times accessible to callers. He listens patiently to all they have to say, but as yet he does very little of the talking himself.

A rumor, of the important if true variety, is floating around to the effect that President Cleveland had announced his intention to appoint no newspaper men to office, except in exceptional cases, and that he is particularly opposed to making editors postmasters of small towns.

The last member of the Harrison cabinet bids farewell to Washington this week, in the person of ex Attorney General Miller, the one who expected to have remained here as a Justice of the Supreme Court.

Just how long the extra session of the Senate will continue is uncertain, but it is the expectation of the Senators with whom I have talked that it will remain in session until about the first of May.

Dr. Hogg's Lecture.

Dr. Thomas M. Hogg lectured before the faculty and students of Trinity College on the Nicaragua and Suez Canals, the mechanical inventions and financial institutions which have made these canals necessary to the world's commerce. The treatment, says a correspondent of the *News and Observer*, was from the historical standpoint, first showing the place that iron and steel had in the development of the agencies of transportation; second, showing the place the maritime ship had in opening the channels of international trade; and, lastly, the financial systems by which the small savings were gathered into the exhaustless resources of modern finance. All these agencies enabled the engineer to carry out his great projects. The bonds that are issued represent the character of the enterprise.

The building of the Nicaragua Canal is particularly full of possibilities for the South. Its eastern mouth is only 1,300 miles from New Orleans, the southern port of the Mississippi Valley, with its 11,000,- 000 of population. Thus it affords an outlet for the West to Europe that it has not yet enjoyed.

Dr. Hogg urged the building of this canal for the following reasons:

(1) Because it would put us in the middle of the commercial world, making the commercial routes between Europe and Asia to centre in America.

(2) As a strategic measure for the defense of America.

(3) As a means of opening nearer and quicker routes for the exportation of our products to Asiatic peoples.

The building of the Nicaragua Canal, Dr. Hogg urges, has to be done by the government of the United States. A reasonable estimate is $100,000,000, for which there should be issued three per cent. bonds, interest guaranteed by the government. Were the canal built by private enterprise it would cost four times as much; the interest on the investment would in that case break down the enterprise and possibly involve scandal like that of the Panama Canal.

The lecture was greatly enjoyed by the audience.

"March to search" is the old adage. It seaches out any weakness of the system, resulting from impure blood. Those who use Ayer's Sarsaparilla find March no more searching or even disagreeable than any other month. This medicine is a wonderful invigorator.

Actors and Diplomacy.

The Richmond *State* announces with some indication of authority that Mr. Joseph Jefferson will be offered a foreign mission by President Cleveland. It may as well be said at once, says the New York *World*, that, however well merited this honor may be, Mr. Jefferson will decline it with appropriate thanks. Whatever else Mr. Jefferson may be, and no one disputes that he is one of nature's diplomats, he has a frugal mind and is at present in the enjoyment of an honorable position which nets him a certainty of $1,500 a night for forty weeks of the year, and at the green age of sixty-three shows no more signs of relinquishing his manual labor than does Mr. Gladstone. The honor of a foreign mission holds out no tempting bauble to this son of toil. He prefers to earn his bread by the sweat of his brow. And there is something noble after all in this humble industry which cannot be cajoled from the path of labor and is content to put by its scanty savings for a rainy day undeterred by the visions of foreign pomp and the small remuneration of its own its native land.

Aside, however, from these noble and economic considerations it is perhaps to be regretted that Mr. Jefferson does not permit the precedent to be established of making actors into envoys. They would certainly fit into the court ceremonials with more tact and experience than most of the men we send abroad, and would have the advantage of a wardrobe. The only disadvantage that occurs to us is that they would not be permitted to have an understudy. But to a man of Mr. Jefferson's rugged nature this would be no objection, and it is quite evident that with his talents he could make both ends meet —say at the Court of St. James—by playing Rip Van Winkle at the Lyceum Theatre when not enjoying an audience with Her Majesty.

What Does it Mean?

Atlanta Journal.]

The recent sudden deaths of prominent men musters from the grave the memory of an army of great men who have died in the harness. Note them as they slowly file in review before you.

Senator Zach Chandler was found dead in his bed at the Grand Pacific hotel.

Secretary Windom died while speaking at a banquet.

Senator Beck dropped insensible in the Potomac depot on the exact spot where President Garfield was shot.

Secretary Folger worked to the last and died without warning.

Senator Tom Corwin expired at a reception while talking with Salmon P. Chase, Ben Wade, Senator Schenck and John Sherman.

The Hon. Hannibal Hamlin died at the club while chatting with his friends.

Minister Pendleton passed away while seated in a railroad train.

Senator Charles Summer, Massachusett's pride, died suddenly working faithfully to the hour of his death.

Senator Simon Cameron feels the mysterious creeping of paralysis and falls in the arms of his friends.

Salmon P. Chase passed away peacefully while seated at his desk with his pen in his hand.

Vice-President Wilson died after emerging from the senate bathroom.

John Quincy Adams dropped in his chair in the house of representatives.

And so the list might be prolonged. It would include such brilliant names as Senator Matt Carpenter, Secretary of the Treasury Daniel Manning, Ex-President Arthur, the Hon. Thomas H. Benton, Senator Ferry and others.

North Carolina Teachers.

There is a big time, says the State *Chronicle*, ahead for the teachers this summer in the annual session of Assembly at Morehead City. The secretary of the Assembly, Col. Eugene G. Harrell, while attending the World's Fair dedicatory ceremonies at Chicago last fall, met Gen. Adlai E. Stevenson and his charming wife and daughters in the Palmer House, where they were stopping, and extended to them an invitation to visit the Teacher's assembly this summer, and the family expressed a desire to visit North Carolina at that time. During the inauguration at Washington the secretary presented to Vice-President Stevenson and family an official invitation from the teacher's assembly to visit Morehead City in June as the special and honored guests of the assembly. With the invitation were very strong letters from all our state officers, supreme court judges and a number of other prominent gentlemen in North Carolina all urging the acceptance of the invitation.

All these papers were carefully considered by Gen. Stevenson, and the secretary was informed by one of his daughters while at the inauguration ball that it was reasonably certain that the invitation of the teachers would be accepted. All North Carolina will turn out to do this distinguished son the honors of his native state.

A *Journal* reporter asked Sheriff Barnes what he would do with Miss Force in the event that the ordinary should send him a writ committing the lady to the state insane asylum.

"Well, that is a very knotty question," he replied, "but I will say that I will hold her here for trial as I have a bench warrant what takes precedance over the ordinary's instructions to take anyone to the asylum.

MISS FORCE'S ATTORNEY TALKS.

Mr. Burton Smith, one of Miss Force's attorneys, said this morning:

"The position taken by Solicitor Hill may be a good one in ordinary cases, but he well knows that in such a case as this that justice will not suffer this unfortunate lady, whom he himself admits is insane, being sent to the insane asylum; and I think the public interests have been best served by the course which he has pursued. Miss Force will go to the asylum at last, this Mr. Hill believes, and it is not a time for red tape."

THE ORDINARY AND THE SOLICITOR.

Both the ordinary and the solicitor are out of the city, and could not be seen this morning,

There seems to be now only one thing to be done, and that is for Miss Force to be tried in the criminal court on the charge of murder.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

-How is- -Your Blood?-

I had a malignant breaking out on my leg below the knee, and was cured sound and well with two and a half bottles of S.S.S. Other blood medicines had failed to do me any good. WILL C. BEATY, Yorkville, S. C.

TRADE MARK

I was troubled from childhood with an aggravated case of Tetter, and three bottles of S.S.S. cured me permanently. WALLACE MANN, Manville, I. T.

Our book on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free. SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

WALTER WATSON.

SEND FOR PRICES.

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PLOW LINES,	PLOW LINE ROPE,
TRACE CHAINS,	HAMES,
BACK BANDS,	SINGLE TREES,
CLIVIS IRONS,	PLOW BOLTS,
SPADES,	SHOVELS,
FORKS,	RAKES,
HOES,	MATTOX,
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Sash, Doors, Blinds. Lime, Hair, Cement.

Pumps, Points and Pipe for Drive Wells.

Pumps for Deep Wells and Force Pumps.

Cart, Wagon and Buggy Material a specialty.

WE NEVER SLEEP!

Eternal Vigilance is the Price of Liberty.

IT IS ALSO THE PRICE OF SUCCESS.

The price of "PERFECTION" is only $5.50 a barrel, however, while the quality is the very highest—fully equal or *superior* to those brands that sell for $6.00 or more Your own interest is therefore clear.

In Fancy and Family Groceries we are the "coming" people.

Everything fresh and the finest, and sold extremely close.

By all means try our little Shafer Hams —6 to 10 pounds average. Splendid.

Q. K. NIMOCKS & CO.

Fayetteville, N. C., Feby 23, 1893.

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USE POND'S EXTRACT

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Inflammation

Sold only in our own bottles. All druggists.
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PILES

It's remarkable specific action upon the affected parts gives it supreme control over *Piles*, however severe.

Also for *Burns, Scalds, Eruptions, Salt Rheum &c.* Testimonials from all classes prove its efficacy. Price 50c. Sold by all Druggists or sent by mail on receipt of price. Put up only by POND'S EXTRACT CO., 76 5th Ave., N. Y.

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WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

All Kinds of Building Material,

Sash, Doors, Blinds and Fancy Mantles,

A SPECIALTY.

Also Agent for the Sanford Sash and Blind Company.

Will sell for the next sixty days at Rock Bottom prices. Come and see.

NEXT DOOR TO N. C. BAPTIST

NEW PRAYER BOOKS

ACCORDING TO THE NEW STANDARD.

"CAMBRIDGE" EDITION

JUST RECEIVED.

We have a beautiful line of these Prayer Books in Japanese Seal, French Seal, Persian Calf, Syrian Levant, German Calf and Turkey Morocco.

A. J. PEMBERTON & CO.

2—23—tf

KODAKS.

Having accepted the agency for the Eastman Kodak Company we would be pleased to show samples of work done on the different style Kodaks and quote prices. Prices range from $6.00 to $65.00.

A. J. PEMBERTON & CO.

2—23—tf

At King Bro.'s can be found everything kept in a FIRST-CLASS DRUG STORE.

FOR RENT.

That most desirable Residence known as the "ROBINSON HOMESTEAD," two story brick building, situated on the corner of Old and Green Streets. Possession given immediately. For particulars apply to CAPT. J. H. ROBINSON.

3—2—93 3t

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. April 29, 1880. tf

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Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

Office over McDuffie's Drug Store.

10—6, 92—tf

ED. R. McKETHAN,

Attorney at Law,

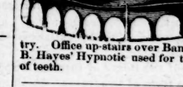
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

Office in Sheriff's building.

10—6, 92—6m

G. B. PATTERSON, D. D. S.,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.



After 6 years experience offer his professional services to the citizens of Fayetteville and surrounding country. Office up-stairs over Bank of Fayetteville. N. B. Hayes' Hypnotic used for the painless extraction of teeth.

King Bro.'s sell Trusses of the latest paterns.

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H. I. McDUFFIE,

GENERAL INSURANCE AGENT,

represents the following old and reliable companies:

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Assets $137,499,198.99

THE NIAGARA FIRE INSURANCE CO., of New York.

Assets over $33,000,000

THE NATIONAL FIRE INSURANCE CO., of Hartford, Conn.

Assets over $3,000,000

THE ORIENT FIRE INSURANCE CO., of Hartford, Conn.

Assets over 2,000,000

And other good Fire, Live Stock and Acc

THE OBSERVER.

E. J. HALE, Jr., General Business Manager.

FAYETTEVILLE N. C.

THURSDAY.....MARCH 16, 1893.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

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Weekly six months (in advance)..... 1 00

RATES OF ADVERTISING:

Advertisements will be inserted for $1.00 per square (one inch) for the first and fifty cents for each subsequent publication. Four weeks constitute a month

Contracts for advertising for any space or time may be made at the office of the OBSERVER, or by correspondence.

☞ The Editor of this paper will in no wise be responsible for the views expressed by correspondents.

TOWN AND COUNTY.

INDEX TO NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAH.
A. S. HUSKE, Agent—Wool.
INDISPENSABLE IN EVERY GOOD KITCHEN.
ALFRED WILLIAMS & Co.—To Justices of the Peace.
HUSKE HARDWARE HOUSE—Stoves, Mowers, Reapers, &c.
ERIE MEDICAL CO.—Complete Manhood and How to Attain It.

To-morrow is St. Patrick's Day.

The Editor of the OBSERVER is still absent.

March is certainly sustaining its reputation.

The laying of the pipes for the water works is progressing rapidly. The pipes are now being laid along Hay Street.

Mr. Atkinson to Stay with Us.

It is with much pleasure that we learn that the Rev. Thos. Atkinson has declined the very flattering call to Brooklyn.

Mrs. Sellers, a very old lady, died Friday last, at her residence on Wilmington road, about three miles from town. The funeral services took place at her residence.

Died.

We extend our heartfelt sympathy to Mr. Edward J. Kennedy, who suffered a great loss in the death of his infant son, Claudius Oliver Kennedy last Friday.

Religious Services.

Rev. John C. White, of Wilson, will conduct services at the First Baptist Church next Sunday morning and night. The public are cordially invited.

Promoted.

At a meeting of the F. I. L. I. Company, Monday night, Mr. W. C. McDuffie, Jr., was appointed First Sergeant in the place of Capt. T. T. McGilvary, promoted.

Festival and Concert.

A very pleasent festival and concert was given at the residence of Mr. B. G. Hollingsworth Monday night. The proceeds, which were quite large, were for the Baptist church.

Lecture in the Opera House.

Evangelist Horsey, of New York, has been delivering a series of lectures in Williams Hall, on religious subjects. Mr. Horsey is an Apostle of which sect there are quite a number in New York.

Death of Mr. Reubin Jones.

Mr. Reubin Jones, for many years a leading citizen of this city, died in Savannah, Ga., last Saturday. His remains were brought here on Monday for burial, the services being performed by the Rev. W. B. Oliver of the First Baptist Church.

Removal.

Messrs. A. J. Pemberton & Co. will remove their Book and Music Store into the store now occupied by Mr. F. W. Thornton as a clothing store, as soon as Mr. Thornton can remove his stock. Mr. Thornton will occupy two apartments in the Thornton Block.

In Behalf of Colored Preachers.

The Rev. Mr. Phillips, formerly pastor of the Presbyterian Church of this city, filled the pulpit of that church last Sunday, preaching excellent sermons both in the morning and evening. Mr. Phillips is an Evangelist of the Presbyterian Assembly in behalf of the better education of colored preachers.

A Novel Contrivance.

Mr. H. R. Novitzky has purchased the Patent rights in North Carolina and other states of the Mosher Automatic Fire Alarm. It is attached to the ceiling of a room or hall, and, in the event of fire therein, when the temperature reaches 110 degrees the alarm is given. Its mechanism is most simple, but is sufficiently effective.

Closed His Pastorate.

Rev. W. B. Oliver closed his pastorate of the First Baptist Church on Sunday night by a review of his work for the past three and a half years, which showed a very gratifying result. There were large congregations at both the morning and night services. The best wishes of his congregation and the community, go with him to his new field of labor.

Death of Mrs. Lizzie Lutterloh Doyle.

This estimable lady passed away, after a brief illness, on Thursday 9th inst., in the 37th year of her age. She was the beloved daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas S. Lutterloh, and was noted for her devotion to her aged parents, whose comfort and stay she was, in their declining years. Mrs. Doyle was born and raised here, and breathed her last in the home of her youth. Her family have the sympathy of the community in their bereavement.

The State Guard.

Members of the State Guard are thus early making inquiries in regard to the encampments this year. As yet nothing is decided upon regarding them. The guard appears to be in quite fair shape. If Congress will pass the increased appropriation bill it will have a fine effect on the national guard everywhere. The force will probably be re-armed next year with new rifles, calibre 30. Those weapons will probably cost $16 each. They are magazine guns, but can by a motion be made single-loaders. It will require some 1,600 to re-arm the State Guard, says a correspondent of the Wilmington *Messenger*.

An Act to Incorporate the Fayetteville Public Graded and Normal School.

Section 1 and 2 of the act of 1883 incorporating the Fayetteville Public Graded and Normal School, as amended by the recent act, will read as follows:

The General Assembly of North Carolina do enact:

SECTION 1. That the present Board of Trustees, their associates and successors are hereby created a body politic and corporate, under the name and style of the "Trustees of the Fayetteville Public Graded and Normal School," and in that name may sue and be sued, plead and be impleaded, contract and be contracted with, acquire and hold, enter upon and possess, in their corporate capacity, property, real and personal, such as may be necessary and suitable for maintaining and carrying on a public graded and normal school in Cross Creek township, in the county of Cumberland, with power to make all needful rules and regulation for their government and that of said school, and shall have continual succession in such capacity.

SEC. 2. That all the powers, duties and privileges now devolved upon the school committeemen in said township shall be exercised by said trustees, and said trustees shall have full control over all moneys collected under the general school law of the State, and apportioned to said township.

SEC. 3. That the Board of Commissioners of the County of Cumberland are hereby required to submit to the qualified voters of Cross Creek township in said county, on the second Tuesday in April, of the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three, whether an annual tax of not to exceed one-fourth of one per centum on property, and seventy-five cents on the poll, shall be levied therein for the support of Graded Public Schools for the children in said township. Each voter in favor of the tax shall vote, written or printed ballot, with the words "for school" thereon, and those opposed to it a ballot with the words "no school" thereon; and said election shall be conducted under the same rules, regulations and penalties as are prescribed by law for the election of members of the General Assembly except as hereinafter provided.

SEC 4. That the Board of Commissioners of Cumberland County, at their regular meeting in March, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three, shall order a special registration of the voters of said township, and appoint a registrar and two judges to conduct the election herein provided for, and it shall be the duty of the registrar so appointed to open books for the registration of qualified voters in said township ten days, exclusive of Sunday, prior to the date hereinafter mentioned for holding of said election, and shall give twenty days notice of the opening of said books for said registration. The said registrar and judges of election shall count the votes cast at said election and make return of the same to the said Board of County Commissioners at their regular meeting in May, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three, who shall then canvass the same and declare the result.

SEC. 5. That in case a majority of the voters in said township, qualified as provided for in section three of this act, shall vote "for school," then the tax herein provided shall be levied and collected in same manner as provided by law for levying and collecting State and County taxes, and the Sheriff of Cumberland County shall collect and pay over the same to the county treasurer under the same liabilities as are now provided by law for the collection and paying over of the county and school taxes; and the county treasurer shall pay over the taxes so collected to the treasurer of the Trustees of the Fayetteville Public Graded and Normal School.

SEC. 6. That the terms of office of the present Trustees of said school shall expire on the first Monday in May one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three, or when their successors shall qualify, and at the same time as provided for the election heretofore directed to be held, the said qualified voters shall elect fourteen persons as trustees who shall hold office for two years, beginning on the first Monday in May one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three, and shall succeed to all the powers and duties of the present Board of Trustees of said school, and an election shall be held under the direction of the Board of Commissioners of Cumberland County on the first Monday in May one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five, and every two years thereafter, to fill said office of trustees.

SEC. 7. That the special taxes thus levied and collected shall be expended in keeping up separate Public Graded Schools for the white and colored children in said township between the ages of six and twenty-one years; and the school for each race herein provided for shall have the same length of school terms.

SEC. 8. That the Public school money of said township which shall from time to time be apportioned shall also be paid over to the said Board of Trustees, and shall be applied to the purposes of said schools.

SEC. 9. That this act shall be in force from its ratification.

NOTE.—That the continual succession clause in Section 1 is repealed by Section 5 of the new act.

Robbery at Laurinburg.

The Central hotel at Laurinburg, Richmond county, N. C., says the Wilmington *Star*, was robbed last Thursday night. One of the victims was Mr. T. C. Morrow, cotton buyer from Charlotte, whose room was despoiled of all his effects, including a fine breech-loading gun. The robber is supposed to be a man who gave his name as "Prof. Alston, of New York, who gave a concert at Laurinburg two days before the robbery. He is a fine performer on the violin. He said he was for a short time with Prof. Miller in Wilmington. The man disappeared before the robbery was discovered and persons who searched for him were unable to find him. He is a German, about 21 years of age, smooth face, five feet ten inches in height, light hair, gray eyes, and would weigh about 155 pounds.

Artesian Well.

Mr. Cooper, of Autryville, recently placed a driven well at his home, and, at a depth of 35 feet struck water, clear and pure, and of considerable volume, that flows spontaneously up and out of the boring similarly in every respect to an artesian well. Autryville is in Sampson county, on the Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley Railway. It is a thrifty little village, and named after Mr. Autry, its pioneer.

Don't Fail to Register.

Those who wish Fayetteville to have a charter and be on an equal footing with other cities should not fail to register. Mr. W. G. Hall announces that he will be at his store on Person street, from and after March 15th, 1893, at the usual hours, for the purpose of registering all persons qualified to vote at the election to be held Tuesday, March 28th, 1893, on the acceptance of the new charter proposed for the city of Fayetteville.

Killed by a Negro.

The startling intelligence reached here Monday of the murder of Mr. Joe Sessoms at Roseboro by a negro. We learn says the Wilmington *Messenger* that the killing took place in Mr. George McLambs store and that the slayer was a negro man named Calvin Wright, who attends to Mr. McLambs turpentine still, right at the station.

We learn that Mr. Sessoms went into the store Saturday night and asked Wright when he was going to put a colored family out of one of his houses. It seems that Mrs. Sessoms had rented a house to Wright and he had sublet it to a colored family who were objectionable to Mr. Sessoms. When asked about getting the parties out of the house, Wright said he had nothing to do with it. Mr. Sessoms told him that Mrs. Sessoms said she rented it to him with the condition that he would occupy it himself. Wright denied that any such condition had been made, and Mr. Sessoms asked him if he meant to say his wife lied about it. It is said that Mr. Sessoms then used abusive language to Wright and that when Wright applied the same epithets to Mr. Sessoms, he advanced upon Wright with his knife in his hand. Wright then struck him with a piece of wood.

Mr. Sessoms was carried over to his house and it was not thought that he was seriously hurt, but soon after reaching the house he had a hemorrage from the nose and ears and died within a few minutes.

Wright was arrested and sent to Clinton, and as the jail at Clinton was destroyed by fire some months ago, the prisoner was taken to Goldsboro and confined in jail there.

It is said that Wright is a quarelsome fellow.

Mr. Sessoms was about 35 years of age and is married but has no children. He is a brother of Mr. Frank Sessoms, who is well known in this city.

School in Penmanship.

Having successfully taught several large classes, Prof. Smith closed his school in penmanship last week. Prizes were awarded to those making the greatest improvement in writing in the last class, as well as in former ones, and were, according to merit, in the order named, given to Robt Atkinson, 1st prize; Sandy McGeachy, 2nd prize; W. A. Phillips, 3rd prize. All concede Prof. Smith to be a proficient in chirography. He has afforded satisfaction to the parents of all his pupils, and we heartily commend him to the citizens of any community whither he may go. Prof. Smith left for Dunn on Tuesday.

A Jonquil Tea.

The young ladies of the Presbyterian Church gave a delightful entertainment Tuesday night which they called a Jonquil Tea. Everything was tastefully decorated with Jonquils, and the beautiful young lady waiters wore bouquets of the same flower. The refreshments were delectable both to behold and to taste, as was attested by the manner in which they disappeared, all having been sold by eleven o'clock. The receipts which were over forty dollars are for the benefit of the Presbyterian Church.

People and their Movements.

Major Morrison Divine was in the city last week.

Mrs. William Haigh is on a visit to relatives in Raleigh.

Mrs. N. A. Sinclair, is on a visit to relatives in Salisbury.

Col. and Mrs. W. J. Green have returned from Washington.

Miss Parker, of Parkersburg, is visiting relatives in this city.

We had a very pleasant call from Editor McDiarmid, of the *Robesonian*.

Mr. N. J. McDuffie and wife of Greensboro, are visiting relatives in this city.

Master Percy Thomas who has been quite ill for some time is much better we are glad to state.

Col. J. W. Hinsdale, of Raleigh, spent Sunday with his father, Dr. Hinsdale on Haymount.

Miss Addie Riddick, of Tokay, is spending several days with Miss Laura Banks on Haymount.

Mr. Ed. McRae, of Maxton, was in the city last week attending the funeral of his aunt, Mrs. Fuller.

Mrs. Jno. M. Walker, left Tuesday night for Baltimore, where she has gone to consult Dr. Chisolm, the famous oculist.

Mr. and Mrs. Ball and daughter, of Washington, D. C., are sojourning in the city for the benefit of Mrs. Ball's health.

Mr. Owen Wightman who has been to Washington, has returned, having spent several pleasant days in that beautiful city.

Mr. James F. Johnson has returned from Baltimore and Washington. Mr. Johnson attended the inauguration of President Cleveland.

We are sorry to learn that Mrs. Hector McNeill, of Rockfish, mother of Dr. McNeill, of this city was stricken with paralysis Tuesday.

Mr. H. C. Remsburg, of Fresno County, California, brother of our estimable townsman, Mr. E. L. Remsburg, is in Fayetteville, and will make it his home.

Mr. John Gibson, one of Fayetteville's numerous young men who have gained honors in other States, is on a visit to his old home. Mr. Gibson has been living in Arkansas for several years where he has gained much distinction.

"The Blood is the Life,"

Runs the old saying, and everything that ever makes part of any organ of the body must reach its place therein through the blood. Therefore, if the blood is purified and kept in good condition by the use of Hood's Sarsaparilla, it necessarily follows that the benefit of the medicine is imparted to every organ of the body. Can anything be simpler than the method by which this excellent medicine gives good health to all who will try it fairly and patiently?

Found—the reason for the great popularity of Hood's Sarsaparilla—simply this: Hood's CURES. Be sure to get HOOD'S.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

A very handsome new hand book of North Carolina has been issued under the auspices of the Board of Agriculture, to whom we are indebted for a copy. Col. John D. Cameron, of Asheville, is the compiler of the work. Besides much interesting information and valuable statistics in regard to the State, the work contains a number of very fine half-tone engravings representing some of the industries and the most striking scenery of the State. Ten thousand copies of the book were issued, 9,000 of which will be used for distribution at Chicago during the World's Fair.

Hood's Cures.

In saying that Hood's Sarsaparilla cures, its proprietors make no idle or extravagant claim. Statements from thousands of reliable people of what Hood's Sarsaparilla has done for them, conclusively prove this fact—HOOD'S Sarsaparilla cures.

Hood's Pills act especially upon the liver, rousing it from torpidity to its natural duties, cure constipation and assist digestion.

"I have used Ayer's Hair Vigor for a number of years, and it has always given me satisfaction. It is an excellent dressing, prevents the hair from turning gray, insures its vigorous growth, and keeps the scalp white and clean."—Mary A. Jackson, Salem, Mass.

Col. T. H. Sutton Endorsed.

Winston Sentinel.

The tobacco manufactures of Winston-Salem met yesterday afternoon and endorsed Col. Thos. H. Sutton for Collector of the Fifth North Carolina Internal Revenue district.

The meeting was held at four o'clock in the Chamber of Commerce room. Dr. W. L. Brown, of the firm of Brown & Brother, was called to the chair, while Z. T. Bynum, of the firm of Bynum, Cotton Co., was appointed Secretary.

Chairman Brown explained the object of the meeting by stating that it was for the purpose of discussing the question of trying to secure the head office of the internal revenue for this city.

W. W. Wood stated that he was in favor of the manufacturers endorsing a home man for the Collectorship, from the fact that the man who received the appointment would have the privilege of moving the office where he pleased, just so it was in the district. Mr. Wood read the following petition which explains itself:

Whereas, It is very important to the business interest of Winston, N. C., and to the interest of the Tobacco Manufacturers that the Collector's office of the United States Internal Revenue be located in this city, and it is equally important to the Tobacco sections contiguous to Forsyth county. Now therefore be it.

Resolved, That the Board of Trade of the Tobacco Manufacturers of this city and county, realizing the importance of this office to Winston Salem, N. C., the large and ever increasing tobacco business of the Twin-City demanding the location of the Collector's office here, and the immense tobacco tax paid monthly into the United States treasury from this city, we therefore earnestly request that the President of the United States will appoint to this office, Thomas H. Sutton, of Winston, N. C., whom we cordially endorse for that appointment, as a capable business man, and one whom we are satisfied will faithfully and satisfactorily discharge the duties of the office with credit to himself, and guard every interest of the Government.

Resolved, 2nd, That the President of the Manufacturer's Board of Trade will forthwith appoint a committee, whose duties it shall be to take all such necessary steps as will carry out the the object of this resolution, and secure the Collector's office for Winston, N. C.

The above resolutions were unanimously adopted. This the 10th of March 1893.

W. L. BROWN,
Pres. Man'f'rs Board.

We the undersigned members of the Board of Trade of Winston-Salem, N. C., do hereby respectfully recommend to the President of the United States, the name of Thomas H. Sutton, of Winston, N. C., as a suitable person for the appointment as Collector of Internal Revenue for the Western North Carolina district, and sincerely as well as earnestly hope that he will be appointed as such. We have every reason to believe, and do believe that if appointed he will satisfactorily discharge the duties of the office, and faithfully guard everd interest of the Government in connection therewtih.

Respectfully submitted.
W. L. BROWN, Pres. Man'f'r's Board.
TAYLOR BYNUM, Secretary.

The resolutions were unanimously adopted by a rising vote.

Col. Sutton accepted the invitation and appeared before the manufactures and made a short talk. He said: "I don't think there is any office in the district of so much importance to Winston as that of the Collectorship. Not until yesterday did I decide to work for the office, provided the endorsement of the two towns.

"I want to say that if it is seen that another man in Winston or Salem would stand a better showing for the appointment I will readily and willingly withdraw in his favor. The office is what I want the town to get, the patronage of which will be worth $20,000 annually to the place that gets it. There is no way of estimating the value of the office to a town in a commercial point of view. The importance of Winston as a tobacco market entitles us to the office and if we don't get it, it seems to me that it will be because we didn't try to get it.

"My plan would be for a committee of business men from the two towns to be appointed to go to Washington and present the Twin-City's claims to the President, who is himself a business man. Vice-President Stevenson knows what we have and I believe he will extend the right of fellowship in this matter."

The Corruption in France.

N. Y. World.]

It is a shamful state of public and political morals in France that was revealed last week by the testimony of Charles De Lesseps. The depth and breadth of the bribery practised by the Panama Canal Company were more explicitly developed than ever before.

The disclosed fact that the controlling forces in France, whether connected with the Government, the press or the Bourse, were eager black mailers, is the discouraging feature of the case. Such qualities as honor, patriotism and public spirit appear to have been overwhelmed in a lustful greed for gold.

But it is useless for De Lesseps to claim any virtue of unwillingness on his own part or that of the Panama Company. Throughout the proceedings it appears that he was not so much surprised by the fact that the company was blackmailed as by the enormity of the demands.

The utter absence of any just moral sense touching the matter is made plain by what Charles De Lesseps said on Friday when required to repeat his testimony regarding M. Floquet. This testimony was that at the express request of M. Floquet the company had "contributed" 300,000 francs to the campaign fund against Boulanger, this being a part of what the company had to pay to secure consideration for its proposals by the Government. To this testimony M. De Lesseps voluntarily added, "I render all homage to the delicacy and loyalty which distinguished M. Floquet's conduct!"

M. De Lesseps's use of the words delicacy and loyalty in this relation suggests Joseph Surface's use of the word honor at a certain point in "The School for Scandal."

The Panama Company will not escape guilt by showing that it paid corruption money because payment was demanded. There is always a degree of reciprocity in all such matters. The knowledge that money can be had for the asking invites demander. The Panama Company helped to create the rottenness of which honest men in France and wherever the record is read are amazed.

But are we quite sure of American virtue in this particular? Have Oakes Ames and the Credit Mobilier revelations passed out of mind? Do we forget Tweed and Fisk and the Broadway franchise? Perhaps some one will tell us how the extravagant contributions of expectant beneficiaries of "protection" to carry elections in their interests differ as to moral from the acts for which they are ready to condemn M. De Lesseps and M. Floquet.

The fact is that here in the United States practices are tolerated which do not at all differ in moral quality from those which have created the monstrous scandal in France. When a Wanamaker raises a corruption fund of hundreds of thousands of dollars and is rewarded for his service by a seat in the Cabinet, we are incurring peril of such a disgrace as has overtaken France. Perhaps in our case the emphatic political condemnation of the business may stay the moral disease of which it was a symptom. But the really alarming phase of the proceeding is that neither Harrison nor Wanamaker nor the religious bodies of which they are representatives see any evil in their course.

But the business of "striking" interests which are seeking legislative favor for securing election funds is as immoral in America as in France.

The Hawaiian Treaty.

The promptness of President Cleveland, says the Atlanta *Constitution*, in withdrawing the Hawaiian treaty from the further consideration of the senate will meet with the approval of the thoughtful, conservative sentiment of the country. It affords additional proof of his political sagacity and his decision of character.

The hurry of the new Hawaiian "provisional" government in seeking the protection of the United States is suggestive that they greatly distrusted their ability to maintain, unaided, the power which they had gained by successful rebellion; and the haste of President Harrison, in the last few days of his term, in urging the speedy ratification of the treaty, is significant of an anxious desire to do something at last to illustrate an inglorious administration.

The negotiation of the treaty was precipitate and reckless to say the least. The people of this country have little information of the intelligence, morality or customs of the islanders whom it was proposed to make a part of our body politic and social—upon whom it was proposed to confer the right of participation in the government of the United States. The many recent political disturbances of the Hawaiians certainly do not afford any proof of their capacity for orderly self-government, and all their history and habits sustain the belief that they would be an incongruous element of our population.

The Republican party have long denied statehood to New Mexico, professedly because a large portion of its population are of foreign or Mexican lineage and longer tutelage is needed to fit them for the political status of a state of the union. How much more forcibly does an objection of this kind apply to the semi-civilized natives of the Hawaiian islands!

Progressive as our republic has been in its growth and dominion, it has always up to this time preserved a compact territory. It has not yet stretched its arms across thousands of miles of intervening water to take another state. Its strength now lies in the compactness of its territory and the homogeneiality of its people.

A question so important as a "new departure" from the policy and traditions of the United States should not be decided precipitately, or with a feverish desire to signalize or redeem any administration, but rather only after the most careful consideration of the whole situation and the fullest information of the character of the people upon whom it is proposed to bestow citizenship and political power.

Manchester Cullings.

What a delightful party we had last Thursday night at Mrs J. F. Clarke's. Money must be in the caterers *till*.

Mr. J. F. Clarke has gone to Laurinburg.

Miss Mary Roberts is visiting her brother here.

Misses Fisher Brantly and Delia Johnson accompanied by Mr. Seth Brantly made Mrs. M. D. Clarke a visit last week.

Miss Emma Sheatley has been on a visit to Hope Mills.

Soon Mr. J. E. Elliot will take his charming family to reside at Cottonade.

Mr. Lawrence Smith has been over at "Ardnave."

Mr. James Matthews has been weighing rosin out this way.

Mountain roses and fishing are allurements for "pioniekers."

Major Huske is prospecting in this vicinity.

Mr. Neill McFarland was married to Miss Mattie Goodman not long since. They are nice young people and we wish them prosperity and happiness.

BON AMIE.

The next number of *Harper's Weekly*, published March 15th, will present a series of interesting and accurate illustrations of scenes at the inauguration of President Cleveland, prepared by staff artists sent to Washington for that purpose. These illustrations will include views of the inaugural ceremonies, of the inauguration ball, etc., and will be accompanied by appropriate descriptive comment. The number will also contain the usual variety of timely articles and illustrations of current interest, able editorials, views of the Columbian Exposition, and choice fiction.

Do You Want a Public Office?

There are 180,000 offices within the gift of the new Administration, and now is the time for those seeking public employment to take proper steps to secure one of these lucrative positions. All who are interested should at once send for a copy of the United States Blue Book. Handsomely bound in cloth. Price, 75 cents, post paid. Order now, address the Business Manager of the OBSERVER, Fayetteville, N. C.

DIED.

KENNEDY—In this town, on Friday, March 10th, CLAUDE OLIVER, infant son of E. J. and M. K. Kennedy, aged 7 weeks.

He was too promising a flower,
To bloom upon this earth;
God gave him angel power,
And bright celestial birth.

The world was too bleak and cold,
To yield him quiet rest;
God brought him to the shepherd's fold,
And laid him on his breast.

My baby is in the Saviour's arms,
Forever undefiled;
Amid the infant cherub band,
Is our beloved child.

MOTHER.

"On the other hand, Pond's Extract, recommended, indorsed, prescribed by the most eminent members of the medical faculty, has grown and grown into public favor, ever onward; its reputation world-wide and well established; its virtues indisputable. The verdict of the people, the experience of every household, have awarded it the highest rank in the list of curative agencies, because of its inherent worth, and that it does all that it proposes to do."—*New York Graphic.*

WRITE to Miss S. A. Tillinghast, 425 N Bloodworth Street, Raleigh, N. C., for any information you wish about the ELECTROPOISE She can refer you to many of its friends.

Shiloh's Cure, the Great Cough and Croup Cure, is for sale by us. Pocket size contains twenty-five doses, only 25c. Children love it. A. J. Cook & Co.

At King Bro.'s Soda Fountain, that delicious and refreshing beverage, COCO COLA is on draught.

Captain Sweeney, U. S. A., San Diego, Cal., says: "Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy is the first medicine I have ever found that would do me any good." Price 50c. Sold by A. J. Cook & Co.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box.

For Sale by B. E. Sedberry, & Son, Fayetteville, N. C.

At King Bro.'s gentlemen buy the finest brands of CIGARS and TOBACCO.

Karl's Clover Root, the new Blood Purifier, gives freshness and clearness to the complexion and cures constipation. 25c., 50c. and $1. Sold by A. J. Cook & Co.

It Should be in Every House.

J. B Wilson, 371 Clay St., Sharpsburg, Pa., says he will not be without Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, that it cured his wife who was threatened with Pneumonia after an attack of "La Grippe," when various other remedies and several physicians had done her no good. Robert Barber, of Cooksport, Pa., claims Dr. King's New Discovery has done him more good than anything he ever used for Lung Trouble. Nothing like it. Try it. Free Trial Bottles at B. E. Sedberry & Son's Drugstore. Large bottles, 50c. and $1.00

Electric Bitters.

This remedy is becoming so well-known and so popular as to need no special mention. All who have used Electric Bitters sing the same song of praise.—A purer medicine does not exist, and it is guaranteed to do all that is claimed. Electric Bitters will cure all diseases of the Liver and Kidneys, will remove Pimples, Boils, Salt Rheum and other affections caused by impure blood.—Will drive Malaria from the system, and prevent as well as cure all Malarial fevers.—For cure of Headache, Constipation and Indigestion try Electric Bitters.—Entire satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded.—Price 50 cts. and $1.00 per bottle, at B. E. Sedberry & Son's Drug Store.

Fayetteville Cotton and Naval Stores Market

Good. Middling.....8¼
Middling.....8¼
Strict Low Middling.....8¼
Low Middling.....8¼
Turpentine, $1.60 to $2.10 per barrel
NAVAL STORES.—Spirits 31 cents
Rosin steady at 95c.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

H. H. H.

STOVES.

We offer the balance of our stock of HEATING STOVES at cost.
Call early while the offer is open.

Mowers and Reapers.

We are the agents for the Walter A. Wood Mowing and Reaping Machines. These machines have a world-wide reputation. We will gladly furnish circulars and information to parties interested.

You can get anything you need to build a house with from us.

BUY YOUR CLIPPER PLOW CASTINGS FROM US—WE ARE THE AGENTS.

You will thereby secure the genuine castings, warranted to fit.

LET US HEAR FROM YOU.
HUSKE HARDWARE HOUSE.
3—16—93—tf

To Justices of the Peace.

Send $2.00 to Alfred Williams & Co., Raleigh, N. C., for "Busbee's Justice and Form Book." Contains the laws and forms that every magistrate wants. Third revised edition, bound in leather.
J—16—93 2t

WOOL! WOOL!!

Remember I am agent for the celebrated
Thos. Bennett Wool Factory,
(FORMERLY L. L. WORRELL'S)
and you will be served on short notice with
The Best Rolls
that can be made in this country.
THE WOOL MUST BE FREE OF BURRS, THOROUGHLY WASHED AND WELL TEASED.

☞ Call at our Fancy Grocery Store, Hay Street, where you can be served.

A. S. HUSKE,
Agent.
3—16—93 tf

For Sale at Auction.

Unless disposed of at private sale the following described property will be sold at public auction at the Market House, on the 20th day of March at 12 M., one STORE ROOM on Person Street, now occupied by S. A. Phillips, Esq., together with warehouse (two story) fronting on Bow Street.
Terms cash. For particulars apply to
CAPT. I. H. ROBINSON, or
CHAS. GLOVER, Auct'r.
3—2—93 3t

At King Bro's you will find only NEW SEEDS. No old stock.

COMPLETE MANHOOD AND HOW TO ATTAIN IT.

At last a medical work that tells the causes, prevents the effects, points the remedy. This is scientifically the most valuable, artistically the most beautiful, medical book that has appeared for years; 95 pages, every page bearing a half-tone illustration in tints. Some of the subjects treated are Nervous Debility, Impotency, Sterility, Development, Varicocele, The Honeymoon, Those Intending Marriage, etc. *Every Man who would know the Grand Truths, the Plain Facts, the Old Secrets and New Discoveries of Medical Science as applied to Married Life, who would shun the fearful follies and awful heritage of ignorance, should write for this WONDERFUL LITTLE BOOK.* It will be sent free, under seal, while the edition lasts. If convenient enclose ten cents to pay postage alone. Address the publishers,

ERIE MEDICAL CO.,
BUFFALO, N. Y.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases and hair falling. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists.

The Consumptive and Feeble and all who suffer from exhausting diseases should use PARKER'S GINGER TONIC. It cures the worst Cough, Weak Lungs, Debility, Indigestion, Female Weakness, Rheumatism and Pain. 50c. and $1.00.

HINDERCORNS. The only sure cure for Corns. Stops all pain. Makes walking easy. 15 cents, at Druggists.

Indispensable in Every good Kitchen.

As every good housewife knows, the difference between appetizing, delicious cooking and the opposite kind is largely in delicate sauces and palatable gravies. Now, these require a strong delicately flavored stock, and the best stock is

Liebig Company's Extract of Beef

3—16—93 4t

DON'T FORGET
THE OLD STAND!

Where you can always find a full line of
Groceries, Provisions, Tobacco, Snuff, Cigars,
CROCKERY and GLASSWARE, WOOD and WILLOW WARE, CUTLERY, HARDWARE AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Don't forget to take our price. Goods delivered free all over town.

Yours truly,
D. A McMILLAN.
3—9—93 tf

PLUMBING.

I am prepared to contract for PLUMBING on the most improved scientific sanitary principles.

The latest improvements in fixtures will be furnished.

I have made the proper planning and construction of plumbing a careful study and can assure my customers that all work done under my direction shall be safe and at as low prices as it can be well and safely done.
W. N. TILLINGHAST.
March 9, 1893—tf

Royster and Tenney's Bonbons.

Never at a Standstill, Always Climbing,

And a visit to our store will prove the assertion that we carry a

Stock of Fine Goods.

THAT SPECIAL ATTENTION IS PAID TO QUALITY.

We desire your patronage on merit of goods, which we sell at as low price as any one can supply them.

No better Flour or Butter than Gambrill's and Martin's. Then "Gold Hunter" will take the "rag off the bush," for Five and 25-100 Dollars per barrel for this excellent flour.

WE ASK A TRIAL.

A. S. HUSKE,
Agent.
3—9—93 tf

WELL TIMBERED LAND

FOR SALE.

Pursuant to a decree of foreclosure by the Superior Court of Cumberland County, N. C., at January Term, 1893, made in the cause of William G. LeDuc, Receiver of the People's National Bank vs. Jacob Giles and wife Carrie O. Giles, and others, the undersigned Commissioners appointed by the Court, will expose to public sale a tract of well timbered and valuable land in Carver's Creek Township, Cumberland County, N. C., fully described in a mortgage deed executed by said Jacob Giles and wife to E. F. Moore, duly proved and registered in Cumberland County in Book B, No. 4, page 519 and containing 70 acres, and described as follows: Beginning at a point in the line running S. 22 E. from the BD pine tree, as described in a deed from J. C. MacRae to Jacob Giles, registered in Book G, No. 3, page 126, April 9th, 1867—the said point being in said line 30 chains 5 links from said BD pine; then as said line S. 22 E. 20 chains to a corner, mentioned in said deed from J. C. MacRae to Jacob Giles; then N. 71 E. 23½ chains to the swamp; then N. 14 W. 17½ chains; then N. 6 E. 12 chains; then direct to the beginning—containing about 70 acres and being a portion of the land conveyed in the above-mentioned deed from MacRae to Giles.

Place of sale: At the Market House in Fayetteville.
Time of sale: Saturday 8th April, 1893, at 12 o'clock M.
Terms of sale: Cash.

R. P. BUXTON,
J. G SHAW,
Commissioners.
Fayetteville, N. C., 7th March, 1893—ts

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley Railway Co.

OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT.

A general meeting of the Stockholders of the Cape Fear and Yadkin Valley Railway Company will be held in Fayetteville, N. C., on Tuesday, the 21st day of March, 1893, at 11 o'clock A. M.

This meeting is called for the purpose of accepting certain amendments to the Charter of the Company, granted by the General Assembly of North Carolina, and for the transaction of such other business as may be brought before it.

This 21st day of Februry, 1893.
W. A. LASH, President.
JNO. M. ROSE, Secretary.
J—2—93 3t

Marry Young and buy of KING BRO.'S.

REWARD.

A suitable reward will be given for the return of a Ledger and old subscription book, the property of the owner of this paper, stolen from this office some months ago.
2—23—93

INSURE WITH McNEILL & CO

Life and Fire Insurance.

Office. Room 5, Thornton Block,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

Nearly $75,000,000
of Capital Represented.
2—9—93

TRY
PETER HENDERSON'S
GARDEN SEEDS
This Season,
— AND YOU WILL BE PLEASED. —
Sold exclusively by
H. R. HORNE.
3—2—93 tf

Established 58 Years.

STOCK REPLETE

FROM WHICH TO SELECT
Most Desirable
ARTICLES FOR
WEDDING PRESENTS.
Souvenier Spoons.
SPECIAL DISCOUNTS
TO THE "TRADE" ON
Watches, Jewelry, Clocks, Silver-plated Ware
—AND—
Spectacles.
Warren Prior & Son, Jewelers,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.
2—9—93

The Great Dyspepsia remedy OTTERBURN LITHIA WATER—40 cents per gallon at King Bro.'s.

NOTICE.

I WOULD RESPECTFULLY INVITE THE PUBLIC TO CALL AT
MY YARD,
WHERE I HAVE A LARGE AND VARIED STOCK OF
Finished Monuments and Tablets.
ALSO A FINE COLLECTION OF
Photographic Designs.

PRICES LOWER THAN EVER AND BEST WORK TO BE HAD ANYWHERE.

Very truly,
E. L. REMSBURG.
Dec. 22—tf

W. H NEWBERRY & SONS,
MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN
FURNITURE
—AND—
House Trimmings,
DRESSED AND ROUGH LUMBER.

WE CAN NOT BE UNDERSOLD. CALL AND ENQUIRE BEFORE PURCHASING ELSEWHERE.

COOL SPRING MILL
—AND—
PERSON STREET.

GO TO
J. A. BURNS & CO.'S
CASH STORE,
Person St., Fayetteville, N. C.,
FOR BARGAINS IN
Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes, Caps, Trunks, Valises,
GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS

M. Hammerly, a well-known business man of Hillsboro, Va., sends this testimony to the merits of Ayer's Sarsaparilla: "Several years ago, I hurt my leg, the injury leaving a sore which led to erysipelas. My sufferings were extreme, my leg, from the knee to the ankle, being a solid sore, which began to extend to other parts of the body. After trying various remedies, I began taking Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and, before I had finished the first bottle, I experienced great relief; the second bottle effected a complete cure."

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Cures others, will cure you

Money on Life Insurance.

We have recently fully completed our facilities for handling loans on Tontine and Endowment Insurance Policies. We loan upon reasonable terms about 90 per cent. of the surrender value of policies issued by the following companies, viz:

Equitable, Ætna, Mutual Life of New York, Connecticut Mutual of Hartford, New York Life, North Western Mutual, Penn Mutual, Provident Life of Hartford, Union Central, Mutual Benefit of Newark, N. J., Brooklyn Life, United States Life, Washington Life of New York, and other good Companies.

All loans made for a period of twelve months, with privilege of renewal. No policy accepted that has been outstanding less than three years. If you do not care to secure a loan we will buy your policy for cash.

We also deal in investment securities, including railroad stocks and bonds, State, City, County and Township bonds and warrants.

Inter-State Trust and Brokerage Co.,
240 Fayetteville St., Cor. Park Ave.,
RALEIGH, N. C.
2—23—3m

ARE YOU INSURED?

Just think how light the insurance was on the property burned in the late fire!

As soon as the news reached the Old Ætna—which has the largest capital, largest surplus, largest assets of any American Company, the local agent was wired to know if she had a policy in it—ready to settle you see!

Remember she is always "*First.*"

Where can you get better protection?

Secure your property with

B. R. HUSKE, Agent.

12—8—92

THE ODELL TYPE WRITER.

$20 will buy the **ODELL TYPE WRITER** with 78 characters, $15 for the **SINGLE CASE ODELL**, warranted to do better work than any machine made.

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My work in style, fit and finish I guarantee to be equal to the best, and as for prices I cannot be beat. Sure fit guaranteed or money refunded.

Particular attention given to Cutting, Cleaning, Dyeing and Repairing gentlemen's clothing at reasonable prices.

Prices of Pantaloons range from $6.00 up wards; Suits from $20.00 upwards.

Gentlemen's own material made up in the latest style and at reasonable prices.

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Leaves Fayetteville Mondays and Thursdays.

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Capt. Irvin Robeson.

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Leaves Wilmington Mondays and Thursdays.

The Steamer Hurt plies between Wilmington and Point Caswell only.

First Class Passenger and Freight accommodations on each of the three Steamers.

Through Bills of Lading to ALL Points.

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Old papers for sale at the OBSERVER OFFICE at 20 cents per hundred.

Blaine's Sarcasm.

The death of Mr. Blaine recalls the enmity and rivalry that always existed between him and Mr. Conkling. Their quarrel made bitterness which helped to defeat the Plumed Knight when he was a candidate for the Presidency it 1884. The memorable tilt between these two giants occurred in the House of Representatives April 30th, 1866. Conkling was charged by Brevet Marshal General James B. Fry, whom he had fearfully tormented and punished in a prosecution, with accepting pay from the government as counsel in the prosecution of the charges against Marshal Haddock. Mr. Blaine introduced the letter of Fry and read it to the House. It was not such an offense as would be likely to arouse any honest indigation in Mr. Blaine, but it afforded him an opportunity to get in one good blow at a rival, and he availed himself of it. The Congressional *Globe* reports the debate as follows:

Mr. Blaine: "Mr. Speaker—"

The Speaker: "Does the gentleman from New York yield to the gentleman from Maine?"

Mr. Conkling: "No, sir; I do not wish to have anything to do with the member from Maine, not even so much as to yield him the floor. * * * One thing further: If the member from Maine had the least idea how profoundly indifferent I am to his opinion upon the subject which he has been discussing, or upon any other subject personal to me, I think he would hardly take the trouble to rise here and express his opinion. And as it is a matter of entire indifference to me what that opinion may be, I certainly will not detain the House by discussing the question, whether it be well or ill founded, or by noticing what he says."

When Blaine secured the floor by his own right he remarked in reply to the gentleman from New York:

"As to the gentleman's cruel sarcasm, I hope he will not be too severe. The contempt of that large minded man is so wilting; his haughty disdain, his grandiloquent swell, his majestic, super-eminent, overpowering, turkey gobbler strut has been so crushing to myself and all the members of the House, that I know it was an act of the greatest temerity for me to venture upon a controversy with him. But, sir, I know who is responsible for all this. I know that within the last five weeks, as the members of the House will recollect, an extra strut has characterized the gentleman's bearing. It is not his fault. It is the fault of another. That gifted satirical writer, Theodore Tilton, of the New York *Independent*, spent some weeks recently in this city. His letters published in that paper embraced, with many statements, a little jocose satire, a part of which was the statement that the mantle of the late Winter Davis had fallen on the member from New York. The gentleman took it seriously and it has given the strut additional pomposity. The semblance is great It is striking. Hyperion to a satyr, Thersites to Hercules, mud to marble, dung-hill to diamond, a singed cat to a Bengal tiger, a whinning puppy to a roaring lion. Shade of the mighty Davis, forgive the almost profanation of that jocose satire!"

Almost One Hundred Miles an Hour.

Engineering Record.

What is believed to be the fastest time on record was made by a compound locomotive of the Vauclain type on the Bound Brook route between Philadelphia and New York on Friday evening, Nov. 18. The locomotive, No. 385, was attached to the regular 5:15 p. m. express from Philadelphia, which consisted of four cars. A number of very rapid runs of several miles were made. Between Jenkintown and Yardley five successive miles were run in 205 seconds, or at the rate of eighty-eight miles per hour, and near Neshaminy a mile was made in thirty-nine seconds

The record was broken, however, between Plainfield and Elizabeth on the line of the Central Railroad of New Jersey, where one mile was run in thirty-seven seconds, and two successive miles in seventy-five seconds, or at the rate of ninety-seven miles per hour. The engine which made this extraordinary record weighs 123,800 pounds without tender, and carried 88,400 pounds of it on the drivers, the latter being seventy-eight inches in diameter.

Embarrassing Greetings.

In the Maldive Isles of the Indian Ocean, should your first visit to the old "Sultan of Twelve Thousand Islands" find him in the middle of a meal (as it probably will, for he does little else but eat all day long,) he will show his appreciation of you, if you are so fortunate as to please him, by squeezing up into a ball a handful of his boiled rice and thrusting it into your mouth with fingers that look as if they had not been washed for a month, this being the most flattering form of complimentary welcome which he can give to any guest.

And even more embarrassing greeting was offered to a traveler by a Kalmuck chief with whom he breakfasted on his way through Central Asia.

Having kindly spread a newly-flayed sheepskin (raw side uppermost) for him to sit down on, he set before him a mass of broth suggestive of that of the witches in Macbeth, and then, pulling out of his pouch a large wooden spoon, literally caked with dirt, he deliberately licked it clean and handed it to his guest with a hospitable smile!

Fish hatching in China is sometimes conducted with the aid of a hen. The spawn is collected from the water's edge, and placed in an empty egg-shell. The egg is then sealed with wax and placed under a setting hen. After some days the egg is carefully broken, and the spawn emptied into water well warmed by the sun. There the little fish are nursed until they are strong enough to be turned into a lake or stream.

"Away! Away! There is danger here!
A terrible phantom is bending near:
With no human look, with no human breath,
He stands beside thee—the haunter—Death!"

If there is one disease more than another that comes like the unbidden guest at a banquet, it is Catarrh. Insidiously it steals upon you, "with no human breath" it gradually, like the octopus, winds its coils about you and crushes you. But there is a medicine, called Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy, that can tear you away from the monster, and turn the sythes' point of the reaper. The makers of this wonderful remedy offer, in good faith, a standing reward of $500 for an incurable case of Catarrh in the Head.

Shiloh's Vitalizer is what you need for Dyspepsia, Torpid Liver, Yellow Skin or Kidney Trouble. It is guaranteed to give you satisfaction. Price 75c. A. J. Cook & Co.

It is an agreeable Laxative for the Bowels; can be made into a Tea for use in one minute. Price 25c., 50c. and $1.00 per package.

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Shortens Labor,
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WANTED.

A Live, Wideawake Agent in Every Town in North Carolina to Handle Robbins Hold-Backs.

They are invaluable to anyone who drives. Can be attached to any shaft vehicle in ten minutes and render a smashup from runaway teams unlikely.

The prices for these attachments range, according to finish, from 60c. to $1.50.

The following speaks eloquently in favor of the device:

This is to certify that I have the Robbins Hold-Backs and would not be without it for any consideration, as I had a practical illustration of its benefit yesterday in a runaway—it saved my buggy from total wreck and my horse from injury.

W. C. McDUFFIE, M. D.

Fayetteville, N. C., Nov. 9, 1892.

Address

J. C. HUSKE, Jr., Manager,
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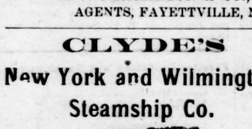
New York and Wilmington Steamship Co.



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CROATAN.....Saturday, March 25

WILMINGTON FOR NEW YORK.

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PAWNEE.....Saturday, March 25

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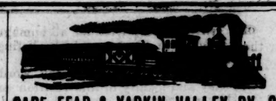

CAPE FEAR & YADKIN VALLEY RY CO

CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

In Effect March 19th, 1893.

NORTH BOUND.	No. 9, Daily, Except Sunday.
Leave Wilmington,	5:00 a. m.
Arrive Fayetteville,	8:02 "
Leave Fayetteville,	8:27 "
Leave Sanford,	9:48 "
Leave Climax,	11:44 "
Arrive Greensboro,	12.15 p. m.
Leave Greensboro,	12:25 "
Leave Stokesdale,	1:22 "
Arrive N & W Jun.—Walnut Cove,	1:55 "
Leave N & W Jun—Walnut Cove,	2:33 "
Leave Rural Hall,	3:02 "
Arrive Mt. Airy,	4:25 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 1, Daily, Except Sunday.
Leave Mt. Airy,	12:00 noon.
Leave Rural Hall,	1:22 p. m.
Arrive N & W Jun—Walnut Cove,	1:52 "
Leave N & W Jun—Walnut Cove,	2:30 "
Leave Stokesdale,	2:57 "
Arrive Greensboro,	3:40 "
Leave Greensboro,	3:45 "
Leave Climax,	4:13 "
Leave Sanford,	6:00 "
Arrive Fayetteville,	7:20 "
Leave Fayetteville,	7:46 "
Arrive Wilmington,	11:00 "

NORTH BOUND.	No. 4, Daily, Except Sunday.
Leave Bennettsville,	5:40 a. m.
Leave Maxton,	6:30 "
Leave Red Springs,	7:02 "
Leave Hope Mills,	7:43 "
Arrive Fayetteville,	8:02 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 3, Daily, Except Sunday.
Leave Fayetteville,	7:47 p. m.
Leave Hope Mills,	8:05 "
Leave Red Springs,	8:49 "
Leave Maxton,	9:20 "
Arrive Bennettsville,	10:15 "

NORTH BOUND.	No 16, Mixed. Daily Except Sunday.
Leave Ramseur,	6:25 a. m.
Leave Climax,	8:15 "
Arrive Greensboro,	9:00 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 15, Mixed. Daily Except Sunday.
Leave Greensboro,	3:00 p. m.
Leave Climax,	4:15 "
Arrive Ramseur,	6:55 "

NORTH BOUND.	No. 16, Mixed. Da'y Ex't Sunday
Leave Greensboro,	9:20 a. m
Leave Stokesdale,	10:35 a. m
Arrive Madison,	11:25 p. m

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 15, Mixed. Da'y Ex't Sunday.
Leave Madison,	12:25 p. m.
Leave Stokesdale,	1:25 "
Arrive Greensboro,	2:35 "

Train No. 2 connects at Sanford with Seaboard Air Line for Raleigh, Norfolk and all points North and East, and at Walnut Cove with the Norfolk & Western R. R. for Winston-Salem, Roanoke and all points north and west of Roanoke.

Train No. 1 connects at Walnut Cove with Norfolk & Western R. R. for Winston-Salem, Roanoke and all points North and West of Roanoke. and at Sanford with Seaboard Air-Line for Monroe, Charlotte, Athens, Atlanta and all points south and southwest.

Pullman Palace Sleeping Car on Seaboard Air-Line trains North and South from Sanford and on Norfolk & Western trains North and West from Roanoke.

Passengers from Wilmington, Fayetteville, Maxton, Bennettsville and all points south of Sanford will arrive at Raleigh at 11:15 A. M., and have five hours in Raleigh and reach home same day.

Ample time is given passengers for breakfast and supper at Fayetteville, and dinner at Walnut Cove.

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General Passenger Agent.
J. W FRY, General Manager.

Wilmington & Weldon R. R.

AND BRANCHES

AND FLORENCE RAILROAD

Condensed Schedule.

TRAINS GOING SOUTH.

DATED March 5th, 1893.	No. 23 Daily.	No. 37 Daily.	No. 13. Daily.	No. 41. Daily Ex. Sunday.	No. 45. Daily Ex. Sunday.
	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	A. M	A M
Leave Weldon..	12 30	5 05	11 20	6 15	.....
Ar. Rocky Mount	1 39	6 03	12 35	7 23	.....
Arrive Tarboro..	2 35	.....	.....	.....	.....
Leave Tarboro..	12 54	.....	.....	.....	.....
					P. M.
Lv Rocky Mount	1 39	6 03	12 35	7 23	.....
Leave Wilson...	2 25	6 38	1 15	7 58	2 35
Leave Selma....	.....	.....	2 00	.....	3 30
Lv. Fayetteville	.....	8 34	3 25	.....	5 15
Arrive Florence.	10 25	10 40	6 05	.....	8 30

	No. 47 Daily.				
	P. M.			A	M. P. M.
Leave Wilson...	2 25	6 48	.....	7 58	....
Leave Goldboro.	3 20	7 35	.....	8 43	.....
Leave Magnolia.	4 30	8 47	.....	9 55	.....
Ar. Wilmington.	6 00	10 15	.....	11 35	.....
	P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	

TRAINS GOING NORTH.

DATED March 5th, 1893.	No. 78. Daily.	No. 66.	No. 14. Daily.	No. 40. Daily Ex. Sunday.	No. 56. Daily Ex. Sunday.
	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.
Leave Florence	5 10	9 20	7 30	.....	6 30
Lv. Fayetteville	.....	11 48	9 34	.....	9 50
Leave Selma....	.....	1 14	.....	.....	11 49
Arrive Wilson...	.....	1 58	11 30	.....	12 50

	No. 48 Daily.				
	A. M.		P. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Lv. Wilmington.	9 30	.....	8 00	4 00	.....
Leave Magnolia	11 10	.....	9 38	5 49	.....
Leave Goldsboro	12 20	.....	10 33	6 59	.....
Arrive Wilson..	1 10	.....	11 15	7 48	.....

	No. 14 Daily.				
	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Leave Wilson...	1 10	1 58	11 30	7 48	.....
Ar Rocky Mount	1 57	2 42	12 08	8 20	.....
Arrive Tarboro.	2 35	.....	.....	.....	.....
Leave Tarboro..	12 54	.....	.....	.....	.....
Lv Rocky Mount	1 57	2 42	12 08	8 20	.....
Arrive Weldon...	3 05	3 45	1 01	9 30	.....
	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.

Trains on Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 5:15 P M, Halifax 5:35 P M, arrive Scotland Neck at 6:23 P M. Greenville 7:58 P M., Kinston 9:00 P M. Returning leaves Kinston 7:20 A M, Greenville 8:22 A M. Arriving Halifax at 11:00 A M, Weldon 11:20 A M, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 7:00 A. M., arrives Parmele 8:40 A. M., Tarboro 9:50; returning leaves Tarboro 6:35 P. M., Parmele 7:40 P. M., arrives Washington 9:00 P. M. Daily except Sunday. Connects with trains on Scotland Neck Branch.

Train leaves Tarboro, N C, via Albemarle & Raleigh R R Daily except Sunday, 5:10 P M, Sunday 2:50 P M; arrives Plymouth 9:50 P M, 4:20 P M. Returning leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 5:30 A M, Sunday 10:00 A M, arrive Tarboro 10:25 A M, and 12:20 A M

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro daily except Sunday, 6:00 A M, arrive Smithfield 7:30 A M. Returning, leaves Smithfield 8:00 A. M; arrive Goldsboro 9:30 A M.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 6:15 P M, arrives Nashville 6:50 P M, Spring Hope 7:15 P M. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 8:0 A M, Nashville 8:35 A M, arrive Rocky Mount 9:15 A M, daily, except Sunday.

Trains on Latta Branch Florence R R leave Latta 7:30 P M; arrive Dunbar 8:40 P M. Returning leave Dunbar 6:00 A M; arrive Latta 7:15 A M. Daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton branch leaves Warsaw for Clinton, Daily, except Sunday, at 6:00 P M and 11:30 A M. Returning, leaves Clinton at 8:20 A M and 3:40 P M, connecting at Warsaw with Nos 41, 40, 23 and 78.

Train No 78 makes close connection at Weldon for all points North daily, all rail via Richmond, and daily except Sunday via Portsmouth and Bay Line. Also at Rocky Mount with Norfolk and Carolina Railroad for Norfolk daily and all points north via Norfolk daily except Sunday.

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JOHN F. DIVINE, General Sup't.
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REPAIR WORK,

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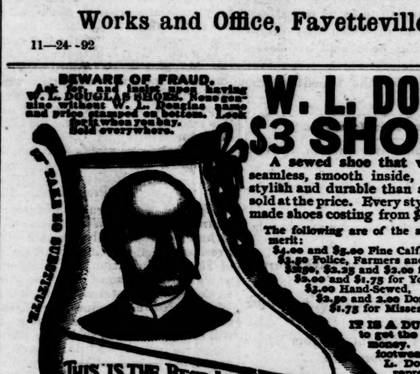

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Administrator's Notice.

Having qualified as administrator of W. C. Blackman, late of Carver's Creek Township, Cumberland County, N. C., this is to notify all persons having claims against the estate of said deceased to exhibit them to the undersigned on or before the 9th day of March, 1894, or this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery. All persons indebted to said estate will please make immediate payment.

ED. R. McKETHAN,
Public Administrator.
This 9th day of March, 1893. 6t

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